

SOPHIA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)

Affiliated to the University of Mumbai

Syllabus for Semesters V to VI

Program: B.Sc.

Course: Life Sciences

(Choice Based Credit System with effect from the year 2020-21)

PREAMBLE Programme:

B.Sc.

Course: Life Sciences (Semester-V&VI)

As mentioned in the outline of the syllabus, all the 08 courses of theory and Practical (Semester V and VI together) are compulsory to the students offering Life Sciences as a Single Major Subject.

These courses are:

- 1. SBSLSC501andSBSLSC601
- 2. SBSLSC502andSBSLSC602
- 3. SBSLSC503andSBSLSC603
- 4. SBSLSC504andSBSLSC604

However, the students opting for Double Major Subject shall have following 04 courses of theory and Practical

(Semester V and VI) compulsory:

- 1. SBSLSC501andSBSLSC601
- 2. SBSLSC502andSBSLSC602

LIFE SCIENCE SYLLABUS

Choice based Credit and Grading System Academic year 2020 -2021

SEMESTER V

COURSE CODE	UNIT	TOPIC HEADINGS	CREDITS	LECTURES	
Paper I	Genetics and Immunology I				
SBSLSC501	1	The Genetic material		15	
	2	Mechanisms of Inheritance and variation		15	
	3	Overview and cells and organs of immune system	2.5 —	15	
	4	Antigen recognition and Effector Mechanisms		15	
SBSLSCP501		Practical	1.5		
Paper II	Developn	nental Biology and Neurobiology I			
SBSLSC502	1	Developmental biology: concepts, Model organisms and techniques		15	
	2	Animal and plant development – basic cellular aspects		15	
	3	General organization of nervous system	2.5	15	
	4	Cellular organization of the nervous system		15	
SBSLSCP502		Practical	1.5		
Paper III	Biotechno	blogy and Genetic Engineering I			
SBSLSC503	1	Fermentation technology-Principles		15	
505150505	2	Fermentation technology- Food and Beverage Production		15	
	3	Tools in Recombinant DNA technology	2.5	15	
	4	Techniques in Recombinant DNA technology and applications		15	
SBSLSCP503		Practical	1.5		
Paper IV	Environn	nental Biology I			
SBSLSC504	1	Introduction to fundamentals of Environmental science		15	
	2	Biodiversity and habitats	2.5	15	
	3	Pest management and toxicology		15	
	4	Sustainable development		15	
SBSLSCP504		Practical	1.5		

SEMESTER VI

COURSE CODE	UNIT	TOPIC HEADINGS	CREDITS	LECTURES
Paper I	Genetics and Immunology II			
SBSLSC601	1	Organisms and techniques used in the understanding of Genetics	8,	15
	2	Tools and Techniques in Molecular Genetics		15
	3	Hypersensitivity, Infectious diseases, Vaccines and Immunodeficiency	2.5	15
	4	Transplantation, Tumor Immunology, Tolerance and Autoimmunity		15
SBSLSCP601		Practical	1.5	
Paper II	Develop	mental Biology and Neurobiology I		
<u> </u>				4 -
	1	Animal and plant development –		15
SBSLSC602		Basic cellular and molecular aspects	a -	
			2.5	15
	2	Applications of developmental		15
	3	biology Sensory and motor systems		15
	5	Sensory and motor systems		15
	4	Neurobiological basis of behaviour		15
SBSLSCP602		Practical	1.5	
Paper III	Biotechn	ology and Genetic Engineering II		
SBSLSC603	1	Fermentation technology – Enzyme and Pharmaceuticals Production		15
	2	Tissue Culture biotechnology		15
	3	Applications of recombinant DNA technology	2.5	15
	4	Tools in genetic engineering Bioinformatics: Structural and functional Genomics, Comparative Genomics		15
SBSLSCP603		Practical	1.5	
Paper IV	Environ	mental Biology II		
	1	Environmental degradation		15
SBSLSC604	2	Natural resources		15
	3	Environmental impact study	2.5	15
	4	Society and environment		15
SBSLSCP604	-	Practical	1.5	

SEMESTER V

SBSLSC501: Genetics I: The course is designed to give students understanding of basic principles of Genetics. Brief History of Genetics, Organization of Genome and ways in which gene expression is regulated is covered in first unit. The next unit deals with genes are inherited, and how variation is introduced in the genome.

Course Code	Title	Lectures (60L)
SBSLSC501	GENETICS AND IMMUNOLOGY I	
UNIT 1: The	e Genetic Material	15 L
• 0	enetic material: Griffith's experiment of 1928; Avery, McLeod and ent of1944; Hershey-Chase's experiment – (Brief review, only for short	2
1. Organization of	Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic Genome:	3
	nization of Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic genome (CCC DNA, Nucleosome orders of chromosome packaging, Solenoid model, zig-zag model)	5
	lexity of DNA - Unique and repetitive sequences (SINE, LINE, nini satellite DNA), Denaturation kinetics and CoT value and interpretation value paradox.	3
2. Gene regulation	in eukaryotes	
	lensation (Euchromatin, heterochromatin) Id remodelling by acetylation and methylation regulation	3
Cis-acting regu	latory sequences, promoters and enhancers. ctivators and repressors.	4
UNIT 2: Me	echanisms of Inheritance and variation	15 L
1. Inheritance pattern of Genetic Disorders in Humans Prognosis, Testing, of any human genetic disorder		2
2. Introduction to	genetic recombination	2
	lly occurring genetic recombination. (e.g Homologous/Non	
homologous/site directed) 2.2 Mechanism and proposed models for genetic recombination (e.g Holliday Model/Double strand break model)		2
		2
2.3 Advantages of genetic recombination during meiosis3. Mutational Variation:		
 3.1 Natural biological mutagenic agents – Prokaryotic Transposable elements and their significance 		2
	ukaryotic transposons, their mechanism of action, (e.gAcDs system in maize, ransposition) and inheritance	4
3.2.B. Application	of transposable elements in genetics	1

SBSLSC501: Immunology I: This course of Immunology is formulated to provide good knowledge of the immune system, its response and involvement in health and disease. While immunology as a *science* has been defined as the "science of self/non self discrimination", it also includes our innate ability to defend against microorganisms (Innate Immunity); and its ability to recognize and respond to fight the infections through Acquired Immunity. Specific topics being covered include antigens and antibodies, antigen-antibody interactions, antibody structure and formation, Effector responsesetc.

UNIT – III Overview and cells and organs of immune system	(15L)
3.1 Historical Perspective - Early Vaccination studies; Infection and immunity	1
3.2 Overview of the Immune system - Innate Vs Adaptive Immunity	
3.2 A. Innate immunity	2
i) Anatomical, Physiological, Phagocytic, Inflammatory barrier	
ii) Concept of PAMP, PRR and TLR	
3.2 B. Cells and organs of the immune system	3
i) Cells - structure and functions – Myeloid cells, Lymphoid cells – B and T cells, NK cells	
ii) Primary and secondary lymphoid organs	
3.3 Antigens and antibodies	
3.3 A. Immunogenicity versus antigenicity	1
i) Antigen-Specificity, avidity, affinity, cross reactivity ,haptens, adjuvants ,epitopes	
ii) Properties of immunogen contributing to immunogenicity	
3.3. B. Antibodies	
i) Basic structure of antibodies	
ii) Classes of antibodies and biological activity	
iii) Polyclonal antibodies	
3.3 C. Organization and expression of Immunoglobulin genes	
i) Multi gene organization and gene rearrangement	3
ii) Generation of antibody diversity	
iii) Class switching	
3.3 D. Antigen-antibody interactions – Principles and applications Precipitation,	3
Immunoelectrophoresis, Agglutination, Radioimmunoassay, ELISA,	5
Immunofluorescence, Monoclonal antibodies (Hybridoma Technique), Western	
blot, Flow cytometry, Surface Plasmon resonance	

UNIT – IV Antigen recognition and Effector Mechanisms	(15L)	
4.1 Recognition of antigens.	2	
4.1A. Major Histocompatibility Complex		
i. MHC molecules and genes		
ii. MHC allelic polymorphism		
iii. Cellular expression of MHC		
iv. Self MHC restriction of T cells	2	
4.1 B. Antigen processing and presentation	2	
i. Endogenous antigens – the cytosolic pathway		
ii. Exogenous antigens – the endocytic pathway	2	
n. Exogenous antigens – the endocytic pathway	2	
4.3 Maturation and activation of Lymphocytes	1	
i. B- cell Maturation, Activation and Differentiation		
ii. T- cell receptor – Structure and role of $\alpha\beta$ and $\gamma\delta$ receptors	2	
iii. T cell receptor complex and accessory membrane molecules	2	
iv. T- cell Maturation, Activation and Differentiation		
4.4 Immune Effector Mechanisms	1	
i) Cytokines- IL-1, IL-2, IL-4, IFNs and TNFs		
ii) Cytokine secretion by T_H1 and T_H2 cells		
4.5 Complement		
i. Classical, alternate and lectin pathways and comparison	2	
ii. Biological consequences of complement activation	2	
iii. Complement fixation tests		
4.6 Cell-mediated effector responses	3	
Cell-mediated cytotoxicity of T cells, NK cells, ADCC Role of $T_{\rm H}$ 1,	5	
$T_{\rm H}2$, $T_{\rm H}17$ and Tc cells		

SBSLSC502: Developmental Biology I: The course will introduce to the students the basic concepts of developmental biology, which is the process by which animals and plants grow from single original zygote. This module describes the important model systems and technique used to understand developmental process. The early process of animal development will be explained using the amphibian and chick as examples and plant development using Arabidopsis.

Course Code	Title	Lectures (60L)
SBSLSC502	DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY ANDNEUROBIOLOGY I	2.5 Credits
UNIT 1 : Dev	elopmental Biology : Concepts, Model organisms and techniques	15 L
1.1 History of cond	epts in development	1
Overview: Develop arises from a single1. Growth: increa2. Cell division:3. Differentiation4. Pattern format	cepts of developmental biology: ment is a gradual process by which a complex multicellular organism cell (the zygote). It involves 5 major overlapping processes: ase in size increase in number a: diversification of cell types ion:organization s: generation of shapes and structures	2
i. Dictyostelium- ii. Drosophila: O	f Model Organisms highlighting some important concepts: cell signalling and morphogenetic gradient verview of invertebrate body plan (Life Cycle and body plan) erview of vertebrate body plan (Life Cycle and body plan)	6
	approaches to studying development:	
ii. Mutations and	and lineage tracing (Chick) large scale mutagenesis screens (Drosophila) hniques and gene silencing (Zebra fish/ mice)	6
Unit 2: Animal and	l Plant development – Basic Cellular aspects	15 L
 2.1 Development in Animals 2.1aAmphibian development- Germ cell formation: meiosis and cytoplasmic state of the egg; Fertilization: Cell signalling and Factors affecting fertilisation; Cleavage, Morula and blastula: Concept of potency and regulatory development; Gastrulation: Spemann's Organizer; Three germ layers and origins of organs; 		5
Neural tube Induction and formation of neural tube 2.2b Chick development – In Comparison with amphibian in the processes of Germ cells and Fertilization, Cleavage, Morula and blastula, Gastrulation and Neurulation		
2.3 Development in Plants Life cycle of Arabidopsis – sporophytic and gametophytic generation, Fertilization and embryo development, Development of meristems (root and shoot), Development of different organs – leaf, flower, androecium [including development of anthers, pollen grain, pollen tube etc.] and gynoecium [development of pistil - up to formation of embryo sac], Double fertilization, seed formation. [Eventual formation of fruit]		

SBSLSC502:Neurobiology I:This module describes the anatomical organization of the nervous system and its early development. It also explains the cellular basis of nerve conduction within a neuron and transmission across synapses including a description of the neurotransmitters

UNIT 3 :General organization of nervous system:	15 L
3.1. Comparative overview of vertebrate and invertebrate nervous system	
3.1.a Vertebrate nervous system: Anatomy and functional features of CNS (cerebral hemispheres, cerebellum, diencephalon, medulla, pons, midbrain and spinal cord), PNS (autonomous, somatosensory, cranial, spinal, plexii)	2 5
3.1.b Role of meninges and CSF, concept of blood brain barrier.	1
3.1.c Limbic System (emotions and memory)	1
3.1.d Hypothalamo – Hypophysial Axis (stress)	1
3.2 Development of the nervous system:	
3.2.a Specification of cell identity in the nervous system	1
3.2.b The formation and migration of neuron	1
3.2.c Axon navigation	1
3.2.d Synapse formation and refinement	2
UNIT 4: Cellular organization of the nervous system	15 L
4.2 Chemical Basis of Neural transmission - Introduction Ionic basis of resting membrane potential: types of ion channels, Nernst's potential, Goldman's equation, Sodium –Potassium pump	3
4.3 Action Potential & propagation: Hodgkin and Huxley's model, voltage clamp experiment and the generation and propagation of Action Potential, Graded potential. A comparative Plant example: Electrical signaling and closing of Venus flytrap.	3
4.4 Synaptic potential and synaptic integration [Electrical and Chemical Synaptic Potential] Excitatory Post Synaptic Potential (EPSP), Inhibitory Post Synaptic Potential (IPSP)	2
4.5 Synapse and synaptic transmission: Synapse: Structure, Types – Electrical and chemical; Neuro – muscular junctions; miniature endplate potentials (MEPPs)	2
 4.6 Neurotransmitters – General Introduction Biosynthesis, physiological role, pharmacological significance, (examples of one agonist and one antagonist for each neurotransmitter mentioned below. Acetylcholine (Nicotinic and muscarinic receptors). Dopamine (D1 and D2 receptors). GABA and Glutamate, Neuropeptide (Endorphin and Enkephalin). 	5
role, pharmacological significance, (examples of one agonist and one antagonist for each neurotransmitter mentioned below. Acetylcholine (Nicotinic and muscarinic receptors). Dopamine (D1 and D2 receptors).	5

SBSLSC503: Biotechnology I: The course is designed to make students familiar with basics of fermentation techniques. Students will learn how food and beverages are produced at Industrialscale using fermentation.

Course Code	Title	Lectures (60L)
SBSLSC503	Biotechnology and Genetic Engineering I	2.5 Credits
UNIT I: Fermentat	ion technology – Principles	15 L
1.1. History and dev	velopment of Food & Fermentation Technology	1
		1
	technology & Instrumentation	1
b. Sterilization	n requirements in Bioprocess technology	1
1.3.a. Principles of 1	nicrobial growth,	1
1.3.b. Screening (pr	imary & secondary)	2
1.3.c. Strain improv	ement (mutation & selection using auxotrophy & analogue resistance	2
1.4. The Bioreactor / Fermenter & accessories (Stirred tank & Airlift)		2
1.5. Media design for fermentation (include molasses, corn steep liquor)		
1.6. Downstream processing (use example of Penicillin and an enzyme for cell disruption)		1
1.7. Instrumentation: Principles and technique of Centrifugation, Spectrophotometry & Chromatography		4
UNIT II: Fermenta	tion technology - Food and Beverage Production	15 L
2.1. Technological a	spects of industrial production of:	2
2.1.a. Cheese		1
2.1.b. Beer		
2.1.c. Vinegar		1
2.1.d. Single Cell Protein		1
2.1.e. Mushroom		1
2.1.f. Yoghurt		1
2.1.g. Wine		1
	urance: Regulatory & social aspects of food biotechnology (Example, Organism, technology)	3

SBSLSC503: Genetic Engineering I: This course is structured to make students understand basic tools utilized in Recombinant DNA technology. Students will be familiar with various enzymes, vectors, and analytical techniques that are fundamental to understanding of genetic engineering. Students should be able to plan cloning strategy of gene of interest by end of this course.

UNIT III: Tools in Recombinant DNA technology	15 L
3.1: Tools in Molecular Biology	
3.1.a. Restriction Enzymes - Nomenclature, General nature of action, Major categories	3
based on type of cut, two typical examples each and recognition sites	
3.2.b.DNA joining strategies: DNA ligase, Homopolymer tailing, Adaptors, Linkers,	2
Use of Alkaline Phosphatase.	
3.2 Vectors in genetic engineering –	
3.2.a. Phages (λ, M13, SV40, Adenovirus)	4
3.2.b. Plasmids (pBR322, pUC with blue white screening), Ti plasmids in plants	3
3.2.c. Cosmids, Phagemids	1
3.2.d. YAC, BAC, PAC	2
Unit IV: Techniques in Recombinant DNA technology and applications	15 L
4.1. Gel electrophoresis	3
(Principle, technique and application of Agarose, PAGE, 2D-GE)	
4.2. Blotting	3
(Principle, technique and application of Western, Southern, Northern blotting)	
4.3.Polymerase Chain Reaction	1
4.3.a. Basics of PCR	
4.3.b. Variations of PCR – RT-PCR, QPCR (Principle, technique and application)	1
4.3.c. Variations in Primer – Nested PCR, Poison Primer Technique, Universal primers	1
4.4. Restriction mapping, DNA fingerprinting (Principle, technique, applications)	
- SNP, VNTR, RFLP, AFLP	4
4.5. Cloning of a gene (Somatostatin and Insulin)	2

SBSLSC504: ENVIRONMENTAL BIOLOGY1: This syllabus is designed to understand the environment around us. It introduces the fundamental concepts of environment and the biodiversity around us. The students will understand different features of a habitat, also the problems associated with their management and conservation. The issues and problems regarding the natural resources is featured along with detailed coverage on sustainability.

Course Code	Title	Lectures (60L)
SBSLSC504	ENVIRONMENTAL BIOLOGY1	2.5 Credits
UNIT I		15 L
1.1. Environmental	History and Natural resources: Definition, Scope and Importance	1
b) Nomadic c)	al History: Historical Modes of Resource Use: a) Gathering,) Settled cultivation d) Industry Controlled exploitation of natural case study of British India- timber/coal mining	2
Species Intera order interacti	Ecology: Concept of community (E.g. Forest as a community), ction, Prey Predator interaction. Food chain, Food web and Higher ons: Succession seral communities in secondary succession, of population after land fragmentation, loss of species (fire and	3
composition, Su	logy : Population parameters- Spacing, size and density, Age arvivorship curves, recruitment, Population growth- logistic, cometric growth.	2
Population cycl Competition an	es, population dynamics and models of population regulation: d predation	
regulation. Imp	lity, Biotic potential, Carrying capacity, density dependence, roving carrying capacity and its application in wildlife management. s: example: Lantana camara /Prosopsisjulifera	3
1.2. Ecosystem dyna	amics:	
1.2.a. Energy flow, primary and secondary productivity, Ecological Pyramids.		1
1.2.b. Soil Ecology: Soil Profile, Soil food web (components and interactions) sustainable soil management and agriculture.		1
1.2.c. Anthropogenic and N).	effects on Biogeochemical cycles of Carbon and Nutrient cycles (S, P	

UNIT II	15 L
2.1. Biodiversity and Habitats:	
2.1. a. Biomes of the world: climate, vegetation and Geographical distribution pattern. Tropical biomes, desert, temperate, taiga and tundra biome.	1
2.1. b. Biological diversity of India: Indian Biogeographic Zones, climate and its impact on biodiversity.	2
2.2.Indian flora and fauna	
2.2. a. Indian forest and vegetation types: diversity of flora and fauna. Endangered, Endemic and Extinct Species of India: Threatened species categories of IUCN, threatened species of plants and animals in India and their reasons, Red data books.	1
2.2. b.Environmental biotechnology: Role of biotechnology in conservation of species, <i>in-situ</i> and <i>ex-situ</i> conservation, (concept of Gene Bank)	2
 2.2. c. Wildlife management and conservation: Wild life management: Goals and Strategies., Human land-use and wildlife management – Elephant Corridor Vulture Conservation Centre, Haryana, (an BNHS initiative), Wildlife crossings. 	2
 2.3. India and Multilateral Environmental agreements 2.3. a. Implications of Environmental Agreements to India: Ratification, Becoming a Signatory, Responsibilities, Obligations, expectations and challenges. 	1
2.3.b. RAMSAR Convention on Wetlands	
2.3.c. IUCN (International Union for Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources)	1
2.3.d. Convention on Biological Diversity	1
2.3.e. CMS (Conventionon the Conservation of Migratory Species)	1
2.3.f. Basel Convention on the Control of Trans boundary Movement of Hazardous Waste and Their Disposal	1
2.3g. Kyoto Protocol	1
2.3h. IWC (International Whaling Commission)	
2.4.Population and consumption Dynamics with special reference to Humans:	
2.4.a. Energy and food production (grains, Livestock, aqua culture): Green revolution, Blue revolution. Nutrition: micro and macro nutrition, Ecological costs of food production. Organic Farming, Climate change and impact on Agriculture.	3
2.4.b. GM foods and their environmental concerns eg .Bt Brinjal, Politics and economics of Hunger, Intellectual Property Rights (IPR), Biopiracy (e.g., Neem/Basmati) Relevance of Seed Bank.	

Unit III	
3.1. Pest and pesticides:	
3.1.a.Basic introduction about Pests, Pesticides and Environment	1
3.1.b. Pesticide toxicity: Bioaccumulation and Biomagnification, persistence, resistance and pollution health of farmers. New methods of pest control: Biological pest control: predators parasites, and pathogens. Genetically Engineering and pest control, Integrated pest management	3
3.1.c. Bioremediation of pesticide: using Bacillus Sps.(eg. Malathion Pesticide)	1
3.1.d.Phytoremediation of Organochlorine pesticide(Chloropyrifos) using plants	2
3.1.e.Pesticide regulation:eg.Endosulphanissue.	2
3.2.ToxicologyManagement:	
3.2.a. Toxicology:Basic concepts, toxicity and its impacts Distribution of Toxic material in the environment and Exposure risk assessment. Routes of entry, Absorption and translocation, fate of toxic agent Assessment of toxicity - Indices of toxicity(e.g. LD50, LC50, EL50, NOEL) Industrial toxicants and hazardous materials, toxic and hazardous	3
waste management, measurement of toxicity, TLM and lethality studies, physiological and metabolic effects on flora and fauna.	1
3.2.b. Limitation of Toxicological studies: Comparison of animal toxicological models and Toxicity in Humans.	1
3.2.c. Human clinical trials:ConceptofClinicaltrialphases-I,2,3and Pharmacovigilance.	1
3.2.d. Ethical issues of clinical trials: (e.g.Thalidomide) and significance of Helsinki declaration.	1
UNIT IV	
4.1 Community and Environment Conservation.	3
4.1a. Case study- Amur Falcon and tribal community of Nagaland	
4.1b.Oneman role in conservation A Case Study – Dr. Rajendra Singh (Water man of India)	2
4.1c. Role of local communities in wildlife management initiatives. Case study- Kokrabellur Village.	
4.2. Citizen Awareness and environmental legal provisions:	2
4.2 a. Environmental Law and Constitution of India: Constitutional Provisions: Article 21,Article 48A, Article 51A(g), Environment protection Act1986,MoEF(1985)	2
4.2b. Laws related to environmental protection and wildlife: The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986; The Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980; The Wildlife Protection Act, 1972;	3
Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974; Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and Forest Rights Act, 2006. National Green Tribunal.	5

SEMESTERVI

SBSLSC601: Genetics II: The course deals with organisms and techniques used in understanding molecular genetics. Students are expected to learn how genes are mapped on chromosomes. The second unit introduces principle and applications behind tools used in Genetics.

Course Code	Title	Lectures
		(60 L)
SBSLSC601	Genetics II	2.5 credits
UNIT 1:Organ	isms and techniques used in the understanding of Genetics	(15 L)
1. Genetic reco	mbination and Gene mapping (Processes and numerical	
problems)		
1.1 Bacterial Co	njugation	1
1.2 Three factor	crosses in maize	2
1.3 Co-efficient	of co-incidence and interference in Drosophila	2
1.4 Complement	tation analysis in Humans using Haemoglobin	2
-	of lytic and lysogenic phages; Deletion mapping	2
j.		
2.Human Gene	tics	3
2.1. Human Ger	etic Maps, Somatic cell Genetics: Use of cell hybrids and	5
	for gene mapping; The lod Score Method for Analyzing Linkage	
of Human C	Genes	
		3
2.2 The Human	Genome Project : aims, major features and applications(e.g.	
detecting po	olymorphism, personalized medicine)	
UNIT II: Tool	s and Techniques in Molecular Genetics	(15L)
3.1 Agarose gel	electrophoresis (Principle, methodology, Applications)	2
	3.2 Polymerase Chain Reaction (Principle, methodology, Applications)	
3.3 Restriction e	3.3 Restriction enzymes and Restriction mapping	
3.4 DNA Seque	2 2	
3.5 PCR based methods of Induced mutagenesis (Site-Directed mutagenesis,		2 2
Cassette mutage	1	
3.6 Mutagenicit	1	
specific locus te	1	
3.7 Nucleic acid in situ Hybridization (FISH) and Chromosome painting3.8 Hybrid arrest and Hybrid release method (HRT and HART)		1
	t and my office forease method (methand matter)	

SBSLSC601: Immunology II : This course mainly deals with the section of immunology which encompasses the aetiology of various diseases caused by disorders of the immune system either due to its failure (immunodeficiency), aberrant action (Hypersensitivity, autoimmunity), or malignant growth of cellular elements (Cancer) and clinical management(Vaccines).

UNIT - III: Hypersensitivity, Infectious diseases, Vaccines and	(15L)
Immunodeficiency	
3.1 Hypersensitivity	5
Gell and Coombs classification:	
3.1. Types of hypersensitivity – Examples and methods of diagnosis	
i) IgE- mediated (Type I) hypersensitivity: RIST and RAST	
ii) Antibody-mediated (Type II) hypersensitivity : Agglutination	
iii) Immune complex-mediated (Type III) hypersensitivity:	
Immunofluorescence, ELISA	
iv) Delayed type hypersensitivity (Type IV): Tuberculin test	
3.2 Infectious Diseases and Vaccines	7
3.2.aImportant immune mechanisms against various infectious diseases	
i) Viral infections	
ii) Bacterial infections	
iii) Fungal infections	
iv) Parasitic infections	
3.2 b. Vaccines	
i) Passive immunization - Preformed antibodies and their disadvantages	
ii) Use of Chimera / humanized antibodies	
iii) Active immunization-Whole organisms (attenuated vs.inactivated eg. Polio)	
iv) Subunit Vaccines (Polysaccharide, toxoid and peptide vaccines)	
v) DNA vaccines	
3.3 Immunodeficiency: Primary and acquired Immunodeficiency	
a) Primary immunodeficiency	3
i) B-cell- X-linked agammaglobulinemia	
ii) T-cell- Di George Syndrome	
iii) Lymphoid deficiency - Severe Combined Immunodeficiency	
iv) Deficiency of myeloid lineage- Chronic Granulomatous Disease	
b)Acquired Immunodeficiency	
i) Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome	

UNIT – IV : Transplantation, Tumor Immunology, Tolerance and	(15L)
Autoimmunity	
4.1 Transplantation	4
i) Types of grafts	
ii) Tissue typing (serological and MLR)	
iii) Mechanisms of graft rejection	
iv) Immunosuppresive therapy	
v) Graft vs. host disease - bone marrow transplant	
4.2 TumorImmunology	4
i) Tumour specific and associated antigens	
ii) Role of NK cells and macrophages	
iii) Tumour evasion of immune system	
iv) Cancer immunotherapy.	
4.3 Tolerance and Autoimmunity	
4.3.a Establishment and maintenance of tolerance	4
i)Mechanisms of central tolerance	
ii) Mechanisms of peripheral tolerance	
iii)Role of T regulatory cells	
iv) Immunology of pregnancy	3
4.3 b. Autoimmunity	5
i) Mechanisms for induction(Aetiology)	
ii) Organ specific diseases – ex. Myasthenia gravis, Graves disease	
iii)Systemic diseases – ex. Systemic Lupus Erythematosus, Multiple sclerosis	

SBSLSC 602: Developmental Biology II: This module explains the molecular and cellular aspects of and the important genes involved in early development. This module also looks at the applications of Developmental Biology such as regeneration, ageing, cancer and assisted human reproduction

SBSLSC601 Genetics II 2.5 credits UNIT 1:Animal and Plant development – Basic Cellular and Molecular Aspects (15L) 1.1 Potency: Totipotency (Nuclei), Pluripotency (Inner cell mass/embryonic stem cells), Multipotency (mesenchymal stem cells), Oligopotency (Monocytes) 2 1.2 Determination and Trans determination (Imaginal Discs) 3 1.3 Differentiation: Hematopoietic stem cells and Neural crest cells (migration and differentiation) 3 1.4 Molecular basis of development in Genes in early development (with Drosophila as example) 3 i. Determination of anterior-posterior and dorso-ventral axis inii. Role of Maternal genes and example of change in gene expression 3 1.5 Conserved nature of developmental genes (Evo- Devoperspective Hox/Pax6 genes with respect to Drosophila) 2 1.6 Organogenesis of Eyc OR Limb with references to inductive/ instructive signals, cytoplasmic determinants and gradients 2 1.7 Plant Development Role of Homeotic genes specifying parts of a flower Plant genome project (Arabidopsis/rice) 2 UNIT 2: Applications of Developmental Biology 1 2.3 Aging- Theories of Aging 2 2.4 Congenital abnormalities : sensitive periods during development and causes of congenital abnormalities : sensitive periods during development and causes of congenital abnormalities : sensitive periods during development and causes of congenital abnormalities : sensitive periods during development and causes of co	Course Code	Title	Lectures (60 L)
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	2.6 Apoptosis a	and its role in development	1
			2

SBSLSC602:Neurobiology II: This module describes the structural and functional features of the various sensory and motor systems. It elaborates on some behavioural aspects such as sleep and memory. Examples of diseases that arise due to malfunction of the nervous system are described.

Unit 3: Sensory and motor systems	(15 L)
3.1 Introduction to Human Sense organs : receptors, receptor mechanisms and pathways	1
3.1.a Visual system : Vision - structure of the eye, retina, photoreceptors (rods and cones), photo transduction, binocular vision, visual pathway (flow chart only – LGN to visual cortex), light & dark adaptation, colour vision.	2
3.1.b Auditory System : Structure of the ear, cochlea and organ of corti receptors 1 Mechanism of transduction, Auditory pathway: (MGN to audio cortex) Diagrammatic representation only.	2
3.1.c Vestibular System : Structure of the vestibular labyrinth, maculae and cristae. Mechanism of transduction.	2
3.1.d Chemosensory system : Olfactory and Gustatory receptors – structure.	2
3.1.e Skin as sense organ : somatic receptors - Types of mechano- receptors, pain reception& Pain management (example analgesic effect by prostaglandin inhibition - aspirin)	2
3.2 Motor System:	1
3.2.a Organisation, Reflex Coordination(ascending and descending pathways diagrammatic representation only)	1
3.2.b Role of cerebellum in motor co-ordination	1
3.2.c Types of muscles, Molecular basis of Muscle contraction	
3.2.d Reflexes: Simple reflex arc, mono and poly-synaptic reflexes (one example of each)	1
UNIT 4 : Neurobiological basis of Behaviour	(15 L)
4.1.a Sleep , Stages of sleep – REM and non REM	4
4.1.b Short term memory and LongTerm Memory (eg. Pathway in Aplysia and molecular events)	4
4.2 Neurobiological basis of Diseases:	7
 4.2.a Epilepsy 4.2b Parkinson"s disease 4.3c Schizophrenia- Relevance with regard to neurotransmitters 4.4d Prions associated diseases 4.5e Duchene"s muscular Dystrophy 4.5f Alzheimer"s disease 	,

SBSLSC603: Biotechnology II: This course deals with details of applied aspects of Biology. Students will learn how fermentation technology, and plant / animal tissue culture are used for production of various pharmaceutically important compounds.

Course Code	Title	Lectures
SBSLSC603	Biotechnology and Genetic Engineering II	(60 L) 2.5 credits
SUSLSCOUS	Diotechnology and Ochetic Engineering H	2.5 cr cuits
Unit I Fermentat	ion technology – Enzyme and Pharmaceuticals Production	(15 L)
1.1. Enzyme Tech	hnology	
1.1.a. Enzyme pro	oduction ex. Amylase (bacterial &fungal)	3
1.1.b. Immobilize	d Biocatalyst (method of immobilization, applications -biosensors)	2
1.2. Application	of fermentation technology in medicine:	2
1.2.a. Production	of antibiotics (Penicillin)	2
1.2.b.Vitamins (V	itamin B12)	2
1.2.c. Vaccines (p	olio, HbsAg)	2
1.2.d. Probiotics,	1.2.d. Probiotics, Neutraceuticals (one example of each)	
1.2.e. Biopharmaceuticals/Biomolecules (Insulin/IFN)		
UNIT II Tissue (Culture biotechnology	(15 L)
2.1. Application	of fermentation technology in Agriculture	
Biopestic	ides – bacteria (B.thuringiensis)	4
Virus (Po	lyhedrosis virus)	
fungal (Trichoderma)		
2.2. Plant and Animal Tissue culture:		
2.2.a. Animal – La	4	
tissue and primary culture, maintenance of cell lines- see also Practicals)		
2.2.b. Plant – Media, Basic techniques (callus and suspension culture, organogenesis, &		
somatic er	nbryogenesis, Protoplast isolation and fusion)	4
2.2.c. Secondary n	netabolites from plant tissue culture	2
		3

SBSLSC603: Genetic Engineering II: In this course students will learn about Applications of tools and techniques in Recombinant DNA technology. They will also learn about bioinformatics and Genomics. Students should be aware of vast scope of Genetic Engineering in transforming human lives by end of this course.

Unit III: Applications of recombinant DNA technology	(15 L)
3.1.Knockouts, Knock in, Knock down systems(Transgenic animals)	2
3.2. Transgenic plants: Bt cotton and weedicide resistant gene (any one example)	2
3.3. Xenopus oocyte as an expression system	1
3.4. Giant Mouse (MMT promoter growth hormone fusion gene)	1
3.5. Drosophila (using p element mediated technique-enhancer trap)	1
3.6. Transformation of Plant Cells and Applications for Plant Genetic Engineering:	1
3.6.a. Microinjection method	
3.6.b. Ti plasmid based Vectors (Binary vector and Co-integrative vector)	1
3.7. Applications in industry – Medical/pharmaceutical, agricultural	1
3.8. Gene therapy using any one example (Parkinson disease/SCID)	1
3.9. Ethical, Legal, and Social Implications of recombinant DNA technology	2
3.10. Consumer awareness (Labelling of GM food)	1
Unit IV Tools in genetic engineering, Bioinformatics: Structural and	(15 L)
functional Genomics, Comparative Genomics	
4.1 Tools in genetic engineering	
4.1 a. Preparing genomic and cDNA libraries	2
4.1.b. Screening techniques (Nucleic acid hybridization methods, immunological methods, gene inactivation)	2
4.1.c.Microarrays	2
4.1.d. Brief overview of Cre-Lox system	2
4.2 Bioinformatics: Structural and functional Genomics	
4.2.a. Biological databases (formats: FASTA and GenBank)	
4.2.b. Sequence annotation and comparison	4
4.2.c. Assigning Gene/protein Function Experimentally	
4.2.d. Applied genomics: Drug designing and basic concept of Docking	
4.3 Comparative Genomics	
4.3.a. Sequence alignment [Pairwise alignment (BLAST), Multiple alignment	
(CustalW)]	3
4.3.b. Phylogenetic trees (Rooted, Unrooted, Concept ofBoot-strapping)	
4.3.c. Examples of Comparative Genomics Studies and Uses	

SBSLSC604: ENVIRONMENTAL BIOLOGY II: The paper deals with the human dimension of development and its effect on environment. It aims to provide adequate insight on management of natural resources. It introduces critical issues in environmental studies, both in an Indian and global perspective. The process of urbanization is explored with respect of consumption of resources; environmental consequences of urban transformation, waste disposal andpollution.

Course Code	Title	Lectures (60 L)
SBSLSC604	ENVIRONMENTALBIOLOGY II	2.5 Credits
<u>UNIT I</u>		(15L)
	I effects of urbanization: Availability of public/open and green ble use of urban space)	1
b. Expansion pat Urban sprawl.	tern of cities- Megacities, smart cities and Ecocities, problem of	2
water, generati	Challenges : Drinking water supply, pollution of surface on of waste and waste management. mental degradation : (a) deforestation; (b) declining soil	2
quality (includi	ater Resources : ground water, contamination of ground water,	2
	anagement, freshwater wet lands, Rural Migration, Impact of	3
f. River linking Assignment	Project: Ken and Betwa river.* to be given as Student	
	ironmental degradation on rural women	
E-waste and to	d waste management : Types of waste, solid waste disposal, xic waste trading, economics of recycling, recycling plastic,	1
Biocomposting	and producing less waste.	4
<u>UNIT II</u>		(15L)
	nvironment: Classification of Energy resources, Types of	2
	Non-renewable energy resources.	2
_	ergy resources: Nuclear Power, Coal, Natura lGas, Biomass urbines and Biofuels.	2
c. Alternative En	nergy Resources: Geothermal, Tidal/Wavepower, Ocean	2
d. Thermal Energ	y, Inland Solar ponds, Energy efficient buildings	2
e. Meeting the g and industrial r	rowing demands: Transportation, residential, commercial needs.	2
	y efficiency: Household connected devices	2
	rbon credit and carbon footprint	1

	(15L)
1. Environmental Impact Analysis of a Development Project	
a. Risk management (EIA and Environment protection agency)	
perception of and gain, setting up standards	2
b. Preparation of EIA report: For e.g.: Selection of a Land fill site.	3
For e.g.: Post Chernobyl disaster.	
2. Environmental Audit	4
a. Definition, Types of Audit, Processes and decision making. Environmental	
Audit of an Industry eg: Sugar factory	
b. Environmental Audit of Solid waste Management eg. Bangalore City	5
3. Environmental Justice Movement:	
a. Narmada Bachao Andolan and Project Affected people.	
b. Chipko Movement, Hargila Army– Conservation efforts in Assam	3
c. Bauxite Mining and Battle for Niyamgiri Hills.	
d. Plachimada struggle against destruction of groundwater	
<u>UNIT IV</u>	
1. Sustainable Development	(15L)
a. UN Agenda for sustainable development.	
b. Sustainable development goals (Global goals),2030	
c. War and Sustainability: Eg. Consequences of Vietnam war.Cost benefit	3
analysis	
2. Safety, Health and Environment:	
a. Safety and Health Hazards : Identification of potential safety and health	
hazards in industrial and development projects, reduction strategies,	4
policies and legislation.	
b. Lessons after 30 years of Bhopal gas tragedy	3
c. International and national perspective, safety standards and	5
management systems, ISO 18000 (Occupational Health and	
Safety Management Systems)	4
d. Consumption Dynamics with special reference to Human	
e. Land scape Ecology: Effects of changing landscape pattern on	
organisms, populations, communities and ecosystem processes.	1
Use of GIS and Remote sensing technology in Land use mapping case study of Bangalore city.	
case study of Dangalore erty.	

Practical Syllabus

Semester V

Course code: SBSLSCP05

[Practical Based on SBSLSC501, Credits-1.5, Lectures- 60]

Genetics

I) Experiments to be performed by students:

- 1. Extraction of chromosomal DNA from suitable sample (Chicken/goat/any other suitable source)
- 2. Streak plating of saliva on two different media and Gram Staining
- 3. Viable count for enumeration of bacteria by –Bulk seed method
- 4. Viable count for enumeration of bacteria by Surface spread method

II) Demonstration experiments:

- 5. a) Study of *Drosophila* mutants from specimen / slides /photographsb) Collection and observation of virgin *Drosophila* females for setting up of genetic crosses
- 6. Study of UV-Visible Spectrophotometer using DNA/ Protein from suitable sample, checking purity of sample.

Immunology

I) Experiments to be performed bystudents:

- 1. Study of ABO Blood groups and quantitative Coomb"sTest.
- 2. Study of Isohemagglutinin titer inblood.
- 3. Quantitative Widal Test.

II) Demonstration experiments:

- 4. a) Dissect and expose the lymphoid organs of rat /photograph
 - b) Study of Thymus, Spleen, and Lymph node tissue sections
 - c) Observation of Blast cells in bone marrow of any mammal from slides /photographs.

Course code: SBSLSCP502

[Practical Syllabus Based on SBSLSC502, Credits: 1.5, Lectures : 60]

I) Developmental Biology:

Animals:

- 1) Study of developmental stages of chick embryo
- 2) Cytochrome C- oxidase activity in a developing chick embryo

Plants:

- 1) Effect of temperature on cell viability in pollen grains/yeast using Trypan blue/acetocarmine.
- 2) Root and shoot development in sections of a 2-day old plant embryo.
- 3) Study of plant embryo and determination of seed viability using NBT

Demonstration experiments (Any two of the following):

- 1) Programmed cell death in limb bud using Janus Green B stain (in chick embryo).
- 2) Alizarin stain to study limb development in chick embryo/bone zebrafish
- 3) Acid and alkaline Phosphatase in Chick embryo.

II) Neurobiology:

- 1) Dissection& display of Nervous system in invertebrates earthworm
- 2) Dissection & display of Nervous system in vertebrates chick brain
- Study of chick embryo for identification of fore, mid & hind brain areas (Refer above Developmental Biology Practicalno.1)
- 4) Study of Permanent slides of:
- a) Medullary nerve fibre
- b) TS of Spinal cord
- c) Mammalianretina
- d) Electron micrographs of neural tissue

Demonstration Experiments(Any two of the following):

- 5) Study of the Nervous system of Sepia with special reference to Giant axon andstellate ganglia
- 6) Assignment Bird songs and neurophysiology involved (as a group practical)
- 7) Understanding the principle and basic interpretation of brain imaging tests like PET and MRI

Course Code: SBSLSC P503

[Practical Based on SBSLSC503,Credits-1.5,Lectures- 60]

1. Extraction and purification (salting out method) of enzyme: (Amylase from sweet-potato salivary amylase/egg white lysozyme or any other convenient enzyme)

2. Determination of - i) enzyme activity ii) specific activity.

3. Effect of inhibitors on Km of amylase/any other convenient enzyme.

4. Agarose gel electrophoresis of the extracted amylase or serum

5. Non-denaturing Poly Acrylamide Gel Electrophoresis of E.coli extract / Serum proteins

/ Saliva / Egg white any other suitable sample

6. Alcohol and sugar tolerance in yeast and strain improvement studies by exposing yeast to UV rays.

7. Gene Cloning strategy (Craft)

8. Sugar Fermentation rate in presence of different substrate/pH/temperature measure accumulated CO2 with under different conditions. (Demonstration / group experiment)

9. Microbial culture and Growth Curve.

Coursecode: SBSLSC P504

[Practicals Based on SBSLSC504,Credits-1.5,Lectures- 60]

- 1. Plankton collection/Plankton identification and quantification from river/Lake water samples
- 2. Vegetation studies by line, quadrates and belt transect methods and their analysis.
- Using a Simulated data perform the following: Classify the data and calculate ecological indices; Dominance index, Shannon-Wiener Index, Similarity Index, Diversity index. Evaluate and interpret each of the index values.(Any two examples)
- 4. Preparation of media for microbial culture, Isolation and culturing of microbes from soil/water samples (Fungal/Bacterial/Algal organism).
- 5. Study of fecundity from the given sample of fresh water/ marine fish
- 6. Isolation and culturing of Rhizobium from the given sample
- 7. Analysis of soils for pH, moisture, soil types.
- Water analysis for physicochemical characteristics:(any three) Salinity/Acidity/Alkalinity/BOD/DO/COD/Copper
- 9. Study of effect of a metal toxicity on the heartbeat of Daphnia and statistical analysis of the same t Test/LC 50
- 10. A visit to a Nature Park/ Mangrove

SEMESTER VI PRACTICAL SYLLABUS

Course code: SBSLSC P601 [Practical Based on SBSLSC601, Credits-1.5, Lectures- 60]

Genetics

I) Experiments to be performed bystudents:

- 1. Giant Chromosome preparation (Drosophila /Chironomus)
- 2. Estimation of bacteriophage titre by plaque assay
- 3. Effect of UV light on microorganisms Determination of percent viability of an *E. coli* culture after U.V. exposure- in the absence of light repair
- 4. Isolation of antibiotic resistant / auxotrophic mutants using Replica plate technique.

II) Demonstration experiments:

5. Extraction of plasmid DNA, restriction enzyme digestion and visualization by agarose gel electrophoresis.

Immunology

I) Experiments to be performed by students:

- 6. Ouchterlony test for Immunodiffusion (Qualitative).
- 7. Mancini test Single Radial Immunodiffusion (Qualitative)
- 8. Agarose slide gel electrophoresis of Serum.

II) Demonstration experiments:

9. Separation of Mononuclear cells using a gradient and the determination of viable count of the same

- 10. SDS- PAGE for separation of IgG subfraction
- 11. Qualitative ELISA using albumin

Course Code: SBLSCP602

[Practical Syllabus Based on SBSLSC602 Credits: 1.5, Lectures: 60]

I) Developmental Biology

Plant

1. Effect of boron / calcium on pollen tube germination in Vinca rosea or any other suitable sample

2. Role of GA in seed germination.

3. Demonstration experiments: Plant Tissue Culture: Initiation of plant tissue culture from germinated chick pea/any other suitable source: (project to be performed in groups of 4-5 students)

Animal

- 4. Live observations of Developmental stages of *C.elegans/Dictyotelium/Drosophila/Zebra fish* Demonstration experiments: (Any two)
- 5. Imaginal discs of Drosophila
- 6. Regeneration in earthworm / any other suitable system / hydra (using permanent slide /photographs)
- 7. Animal Cell Culture /Assays: Cell proliferation assay/ Cell migration assay/ Cell adhesion assay

II) Neurobiology

- 1. Differential staining of white and grey matter of vertebrate brain.
- 2. Temporary mounts of of the following (Any three):
 - a) Cornea of prawn.
 - b) Statocyst of prawn.
 - c) Columella of bird.
 - d) Striated / smooth muscle fibre.
 - e) Methylene blue staining of earthworm nerve cord or any other suitable nerve cord
 - f) Olfactory & gustatory sensillae
 - g) Histological staining of neuronal tissue using Heamotoxilin-Eosin staining or Nessil's staining.
- 3) Making clay model of vertebrate brain and cranial nerves
- 4) Demonstration Experiments
- 1. Stroop test.
- 2. Olfactory /Gustatory Behavioral study: Snail / Earthworm / insect larvae
- 3. Associative conditioning
- 4. Knee-jerk and papillary reflex.
- 5. Testing for locating the Blind Spot in the retina

Coursecode: SBSLSC P603

[Practicals Based on SBSLSC603,Credits-1.5,Lectures- 60]

- 1. Thin layer chromatography of lipids/plant alkaloids/any other suitable extract
- 2. Bioassay of antibiotic / plant extract / for anti-bacterial activity or B-12assay.
- 3. Assay of fermentation product / Substrate Estimation of (a) alcohol/Acetic/lactic acid(b)
- 4. Extraction of plasmid DNA& Agarose Gel Electrophoresis of plasmid DNA/Restriction Digest with costing of the experiment.
- 5. Immobilization of Enzyme (Amylase/any other convenient enzyme) using hen egg-white or alginate method and assay its activity.
- 6. Quality control: Probiotics or Vaccine
- 7. Bioinformatics:
 - i) Design primers (Forward and reverse primers with matching Tm) for amplifying "x" gene of "y" species. (They will search for sequence, and design primers)

 - ii) Manual annotation of DNA sequence: Prokaryotic/Eukaryotic
 - iii) Sequence alignment pair wise (For Match Score: Specify values for match, mismatch and gap penalty)
 - iv) Construction of Cladogram/Phylogram withTime Line

Open-ended projects:(Anyone of the following, along with its costing)

- 1. Home-Wine production / Home-Vinegar production from any convenient source & assay for fermentation products
- 2. Culturing & biomass estimation of mushroom/ Spirulina /chlorella by cell count/dryweight and estimation of percentage total protein.
- 3. Plant tissue culture: i) Callus production ii) Preparation of protoplasts and estimate viability by trypan blue staining
- 4. Animal tissue culture: Tissue dissociation by trypsinization technique and to estimate the viability of cells in physiological saline/MEM at 0 hrs and 2hrs
- 5. Growth curve of E coli (DH5 alpha) and preparation of competent cell for transformation experiment.
- 6. Finger Printing technique using electrophoresis of protein/DNA digest38
- 7. SDS PAGE with suitable Protein sample for Comparison with Experiment no.3above.
- 8. Agarose Gel Electrophoresis of extracted DNA samples with & without Molecular marker ladder
- 9. Genomic DNA extraction, purification and estimation by UV spectroscopy Development of cost effective method using Liquid Soap, Common Salt and Alcohol or any convenient variation

Course Code: SBSLSC P604

[Practical Syllabus Based on SBSLSC604SemesterVICredits:1.5, Lectures: 60]

- 1. EC, conductivity,N/P/K/Sulphates/Na/Ca. /EstimationofCo²⁺and Ni²⁺by colorimetry/spectrophotometry/ Water analysis for physico- chemical characteristics/Estimation of Heavy metal in various samples by titrimetry or spectrometry/Potability of the given drinking water sample by MPN. (Any three of the above)
- 2. Estimation of Co2+ and Ni2+/Pb by colorimetry / spectrophotometry (Any one)
- 3. Remote Sensing and GIS: Principles of Remote Sensing and its application of Environmental Science. Application of GIS in Environmental Management (Use photographs and models).
- 4. Collection and Interpretation of weather data/Climatology of Mumbai city (Satellite images and statistical analysis of weather data).
- Statistical methods for analysis of environmental data: diversity and similarity indices, for the given data. Use of EXCELor SPSS
- 6. Study of Leaf margins as climate indicators.
- 7. Estimation of stomatal index (2 different leaf types and two different micro-climatic conditions e.g. Sun loving, shade loving)/Chlorophyll content.
- 8. Field visit to river/lake and waste water treatment plants.
- 9. A visit to National Park. Identification of local plant species as: Ecological indicators, exotics pecies
- 10. Environmental Project (compulsory)
 - a. *The film documentary/Video making for project should notbemore than 10 min duration. Example: food sustainability, environmental justice and climate change, Sustainable future.
 - b. Project Submission and viva

Note: All practicals in each course in both semesters have to be understood in terms of <u>Instrumentation, Technique, Concept and Relevance</u> <u>or whichever may be applicable</u>

<u>SemesterV</u>

Text Books and References

Reference Books for Paper I

Unit I and II – Genetics(SBSLSC501 and SBSLSC601)

- 1. Principles of Genetics by Snustad and Simmons 4thedn. John Wiley and sons,2006.
- 2. iGenetics; A Molecular approach by Peter Russel 2ndedn. Pearson,2006.
- 3. iGenetics; A Mendelian approach by Peter Russel 2ndedn. Pearson,2006.
- 4. Introduction to Genetic Analysis by Griffiths et al 8thedn Freeman and co.,2005.
- 5. Genes IX by Benjamin Lewin; Jones and Bartlett publishers, 2008.
- 6. Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics by S. B. Primrose and R. M. Twyman 7thed., Blackwell publication,2007.
- 7. Concepts of Genetics by W. S. Klug and M. R. Cummings 7thed. Pearson, 2003.
- 8. Concepts of Genetics by W. S. Klug, M. R. Cummings, C. A. Spencer 8thed. Pearson, 2006.
- 9. Human Molecular Genetics by Tom Strachan and Andrew Read, 3rded. Garland Sciencepub., 2004.
- 10. Principles of Genetics by R. Tamarin, 7thed, Brown Co., 2002

Unit III and IV - Immunology(SBSLSC501 and SBSLSC601)

- 1. Immunology by R.A.Goldsky, T. J. Kindt, B. A. Osborne, J. Kuby, 5thed.W. H. Freeman, 2006.
- 2. Immunology: The immune system in health and disease by C. A. Janeway, P. Travers, M. Walport, M. Shlomchik, 6th ed, Garland Science Pub., 2005.
- 3. Cellular and Molecular Immunology, by A. K. Abbas, A. H. Litchman, 5th ed, Saunders, 2003.
- 4. Basic Immunology: Functions and disorders of the immune system, by A. K. Abbas, A.H. Litchman, 2nded Saunders, 2004.
- 5. Roitt"s Essential Immunology, by Peter J. Delves Seamus J. Martin Dennis R. Burton Ivan M. Roitt, 11thed, Blackwell publication,2006.
- 6. Immunology by D. Mole, J. Bronstoff, D. Roth, I. Roitt, Mosbey, 7th Internationaled, Elsevier, 2006.
- 7. An Introduction to Immunology by C. V. Rao, Narossa Publishers, 2002.

Reference books for Paper II

UNIT l and II - Developmental Biology (SBSLSC502 and SBSLSC602)

- 1. Instant Lecture Notes- Developmental Biology, R.M.Twyman, 1st ed, Viva Books Private Limited, 2001
- 2. Principles of Development by L. Wolpert, Cheryl Tickle, 4th ed, Oxford UniversityPress., 2011
- 3. Developmental Biology byScott F Gilbert, 10th ed, Sinauer Associates Inc.Publishers, 2013
- Molecular Biology of the Cell by B. Alberts, D. Bray, J.Lewis, M. Raff, K.Roberts and J.D.Watson. 3rd ed, Garland Publishing Inc., N T andLondon, 1994
- 5. Plant Cell and Tissue Culture by I. Vasil and T.A. Thorpe. Kluwer AcademicPublishers, 1994
- 6. Practical Zoology by K.C. Ghone and B. Manna, 2nd ed, New Central Book Agency Publishers, 2000
- 7. Pollen Biology A laboratory manual by K.R. Shivanna and N.S. Rangaswamy, Narosa Publishing, 1992.
- 8. Developmental Biology by L.W.Browder, 2nd edition Saunders College PublishingCo., 1985
- Developmental Biology Patterns, Problems and Principles by J. W. Saunders. 6th ed, MacMillan PublishingCo.
- 10. An Introduction to the Embryology of Angiosperms by P. Maheshwari, Nabu Press, 2011

UNIT III and IV- Neurobiology (SBSLSC502 and SBSLSC602)

- Neuroscience: Exploiting the brain by M.F.Baer, B.W.Connors&M.A.Paradiso, William& Wilkins, Baltimore, 1996
- 2. Neurobiology by G.M. Shepherd, 3rd ed, Oxford UniversityPress, 1994
- 3. Principles Of Neural Science by E.R.Kandel, J.H.Schwartz and T.M. Jessel, 5th ed, McGraw Hill, 2012
- 4. Instant Notes Neurosciences by A.Longstaff, Viva Books Pvt Ltd., New Delhi, 2002
- 5. Text Book Of Medical Physiology by A.C.Guyton and J.E.Hall,13th ed, Saunders CollegePublishers, 2015.
- 6. Elements Of Molecular Neurobiology by C.U.M. Smith, 3rd ed, J Wiley and Sons Publishers, 2007
- 7. An Introduction to Molecular Neurobiology by Z.W. Hall, Sinauer Associates Inc.Publishers, 1992
- 8. Ion Channels Molecules in Action by D. J. Aidley, P.R. Stanfield, CambridgeUniversity Press, 1996
- 9. Physiology Of the Nervous Systems by D Ottoson, McMillan Press, 1983
- 10. Neuroscience by Dale Purves, 3rd edition, Sinauer Associates, 2004

Reference books for Paper III

Unit I to II - Biotechnology(SBSLSC503 and SBSLSC603)

- 1. Industrial Microbiology by L.E. Casida, New Age International (P)Ltd., 2003
- 2. Industrial Microbiology by Prescott And Dunn's, Chapman & Hall., 2003
- 3. Industrial Microbiology by A H PATEL, MacmillanIndia. 2005
- 4. Principals of Fermentation Technology by P.F Stanbury, Whitaker and Hall,3rd ed, Elsevier, 2016
- 5. Plant Cell and Tissue Culture by I. Vasil and T.A. Thorpe, Kluwer AcademicPublishers, 1994
- 6. Animal Tissue Culture by Ian Freshney, 6th ed, Wiley-Blackwell; 2010

Unit III to IV–Genetic Engineering (SBSLSC503 and SBSLSC603)

- 1. Principles of gene manipulation and Genomics by Primrose and Twyman, 7thed, Blackwell, 2006
- Molecular Techniques in Biochemistry and Biotechnology by S Shrivastava, New central book Agency (P)Ltd, 2006
- 3. Molecular Biology by Robert Weaver, 2nd ed, McGraw Hill, 2003
- 4. Text book of cell and Molecular Biology by Ajoy Paul, 2nd ed, Books and Allied (P) Ltd., 2009
- 5. Cell and molecular biology by Vyas and Mehta, CBS pub and DistPvtLtd., 2009

Reference Books for Paper IV

Unit I to IV-Environmental Biology(SBSLSC504 and SBSLSC604)

- 1. Essential environmental studies by Misra and Pandey, AneBooks, 2011
- 2. Health and climate change by Martens, EarthScan, 1998
- 3. Environmental Analysis of soil and airby Saxena, Agrobotanica, 1998
- 4. Energy efficient and environment friendly technologies for rural development by Chakraborti, AlliedPublishers, 2005
- 5. Ecology, chemistry and Management of environmental Pollution by Dash M C, Mac MillanIndia, 2004
- 6. Sustainable sewage water Management by Nayak and Amar, Mc MillanIndia, 2006
- 7. Endangered animals by Dolder, Willi, Parragon, 2009
- 8. Methods in environmental Analysis by Gupta P K, Agrobio(India), 2000
- Frontiers of Environment : Issues in Medieval and Early Modernby Bhargava Meena, Oxford University Press, 2005
- 10. Vulnerable India by Kapur, SAGE, 2010
- 11. Silent Invadersby Jacob, Miriam, Orient Longman, 2004
- 12. Ecologyby Subramnyam, 2nded.Narosa, 2006
- 13. Environmental Biotechnologyby Dilip Kumar, Rajvaidya, APH, 2004
- 14. Ozone Depletion and Environmental Impacts by Sharma and Khan, Pointerpublishers, 2004
- 15. State of India's Environment 2018. A Down To EarthAnnual.
- 16. Environmental Justice: Concepts, Evidence & politics by Walker, Gordon, RoutledgePublishers, 2012
- 17. This Fissured Land An Ecological History of India by Gadgil, Madhav; Guha Ramachandra, Oxford University Press, 2012
- Water: Growing Understanding, Emerging Perspectives by Shah Mihir; Vijayshankar: P. S, OrientBlackSwan, 2016
- 19. Environmental Studies and Green Technologiesby Garg Santosh Kumar & Garg Ranjini, KhannaPublisher, 2018
- 20. Climate change and Paris agreement: Challenges after US withdrawal by Pradeep Chauhan, New Century Publications, 2019
- 21. Environmental Science: A global concern by Cunningham William P, 14th ed, McGraw-Hill Education, 2017
- 22. Origin: The corporate war on nature and culture by Shiva Vandana and others, NATRAJ PUBLISHERS 2018
- 23. The twice born: Life and death on the Ganges by Taseer, Aatish, Farrar, Straus and Giroux, 2019