



SOPHIA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)

Affiliated to

University of Mumbai

Program: Life Sciences

Course: (Choice Based Credit System with effect from the year 2020-2021)

PREAMBLE

The syllabus for the second year of M.Sc has been designed as a specialization in Neurobiology that introduces the students to the subject beginning from the basics, through structural and functional aspects and building up to understanding brain and behavior.

Each paper has a unit that describes relevant techniques applied in Neurobiology, in diagnosis and therapy.

The course also elaborates on the development and the complex functioning and behavior of the nervous system in health and disease.

This course would also enable the students to enhance their ability to think logically, analyze the information and help in problem solving skills in research work.

M.Sc. Part I Life Sciences Syllabus
Choice based Credit and Grading System
Academic year 2020-2021

SEMESTER I

COURSE CODE	UNIT	TOPIC HEADINGS	CREDITS
Paper I	Macromolecules		
SMSLSC101	1	Cell biochemistry	4
	2	Nucleic acid biochemistry	
	3	Protein biochemistry	
	4	Techniques in macromolecular biology	
SMSLSCP101	Practical		2
Paper II	Cell Biology I		
SMSLSC102	1	Biology of Prokaryotes	4
	2	Biology of Eukaryotes - I	
	3	Biology of Eukaryotes - II	
	4	Techniques in cell biology I	
SMSLSCP102	Practical		2
Paper III	Systems Biology I		
SMSLSC103	1	Physiology I- Digestive, Circulatory and Excretory Systems	4
	2	Immunology	
	3	Infectious animal and plant diseases	
	4	Techniques in Systems Biology I	
SMSLSCP103	Practical		2
Paper IV	Ecology, Environment, Biostatistics I and Research methodology		
SMSLSC104	1	Bioethics	4
	2	Toxicology	
	3	Biostatistics I	
	4	Research Methodology	
SMSLSCP104	Practical		2

SEMESTER II

COURSE CODE	UNIT	TOPIC HEADINGS	CREDITS
Paper I	Principles of Genetics		
SMSLSC201	1	Inheritance biology	4
	2	Regulation of gene expression, Epigenetics and DNA damage & repair	
	3	Molecular Biology/Genetics	
	4	Techniques in genetics	
SMSLSCP201	Practical		2
Paper II	Cell Biology II		
SMSLSC202	1	Cell cycle and its regulation	4
	2	Cell death	
	3	Cell signalling	
	4	Techniques in cell biology II	
SMSLSCP202	Practical		2
Paper III	Systems Biology II		
SMSLSC203	1	Physiology II- Endocrinology, Reproductive biology and nervous system	4
	2	Physiology III- Developmental Biology	
	3	Plant Physiology and plant defence	
	4	Techniques in systems biology II	
SMSLSCP203	Practical		2
Paper IV	Evolution, Population Biology, Biostatistics II and Bioinformatics		
SMSLSC204	1	Evolution	4
	2	Population biology	
	3	Biostatistics II	
	4	Bioinformatics	
SMSLSCP204	Practical		2

PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES

PO 1	To provide students with detailed understanding of the major life sciences domains.
PO 2	To develop the research skills with critical thinking and problem solving abilities.
PO 3	To allow students to specialize in Neuroscience with real-world application through lectures, workshops, and interactive labs.

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

PSO 1	The students will develop knowledge to comprehend the core concepts of system biology, cellular biology and biochemistry inclusive of practical skills in the same.
PSO 2	The students will understand and reflect on the knowledge of ethical principles regarding the use of science.
PSO 3	The students will demonstrate an in-depth understanding of fundamental principles in neurobiology, including neuronal structure and function, neural circuits, synaptic transmission, and neuroplasticity.
PSO 4	Students will acquire practical skills in a range of experimental techniques used in neurobiological research, such as electrophysiology, neuroimaging, molecular biology, and behavioral assays. They will be proficient in designing and conducting experiments, analyzing data, and interpreting results within the context of current neurobiological research paradigms.

SEMESTER I

PAPER –I MACROMOLECULES

NAME OF THE COURSE	MACROMOLECULES	
CLASS	MSc LIFE SCIENCES	
COURSE CODE	SMSLSC101	
NUMBER OF CREDITS	4	
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER WEEK	4	
TOTAL NUMBER OF LECTURES PER SEMESTER	60	
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL ASSESSMENT	SEMESTER END EXAMINATION
TOTAL MARKS	50	50
PASSING MARKS	20	20

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

CO 1.	To learn fundamentals of thermodynamics.
CO 2.	To have an understanding of behaviour of molecules in context to thermodynamics.
CO 3.	To acquire a clear understanding of processes involving Nucleic acid biochemistry.
CO 4.	To understand details of protein structure and folding, and its relation to protein function.
CO 5.	To introduce the students to different techniques in macromolecular biology.

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES:

CLO 1.	To enable understanding of Fundamental thermodynamics, basics of the molecules within the cell and their interactions.
CLO 2.	To enable understanding of Molecular process of DNA replication, transcription and translation; and post transcriptional modifications
CLO 3.	To have a clear understanding of protein biochemistry at molecular level. and the principle behind techniques involved in Macromolecular biology.

Unit	Topic headings
1	<p>Cell biochemistry (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The concept of Energy and Work within cells – The laws of thermodynamics, Enthalpy, Entropy and Free energy concept and their relevance to biological systems. 2. Energy coupling in mechanical and chemical processes during a chemical reaction. 3. Importance of pH in biology, biological inorganic buffers; Amino acids and Proteins as buffers 4. Metabolism of biomolecules: Synthesis and breakdown of carbohydrates, lipids, amino acids, nucleotides and vitamins (lipid soluble and insoluble) using one typical example each
2	<p>Nucleic acid biochemistry (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Nucleic acid <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) DNA: Components, Structure and function of the molecule; Conformation of nucleic acids (A, B and Z-DNA), b) RNA: Types, Structure and function, coding and non-coding RNA 2. Nucleic acid packing: Packing of DNA into chromosomes – structure-function relationships; chromatin organization and remodeling, Proteins associated with chromosome structure (scaffold and associated proteins) 3. Prokaryotic DNA: Bacterial Circular chromosomes and extra-chromosomal DNA- Plasmids, Viroids 4. DNA Replication <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) Mechanisms of DNA replication in prokaryotes and eukaryotes: DNA modifying enzymes (kinases, polymerases, ligases). b) DNA replication models, connection of replication to cell cycle, c) Reverse Transcriptase and Restriction endonucleases 5. Transcription <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) in prokaryotes (<i>Lac</i> and <i>trp</i> operon) b) in eukaryotes: initiation, elongation and termination Post-transcriptional processing and transport of RNA, Non-coding RNAs

3	<p>Protein biochemistry (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Amino acids, Peptides– Biochemical nature of Amino acids, Bonds and interactions in peptides, Domains and Motifs in peptides 2. Protein- structure-function relationships of typical proteins – fibrous and globular (using examples), Conformation of proteins 3. Enzymes – Classification, Activity and Specific activity, Enzyme kinetics, Enzyme inhibition, Allosteric enzymes, Application of Enzymes in Industry, Agriculture and Research 4. Translation: structure of ribosome; mechanism of translation- initiation, elongation and termination 5. Post translational Modifications <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) Protein folding- Molten globule, chaperon, Protein Misfolding b) Protein Processing- Proteolytic cleavage (Pre, Pro, removal) c) Protein Modifications – Glycosylation, Phosphorylation d) Protein trafficking (anterograde and retrograde) 6. Protein degradation – proteosomal and lysosomal
4	<p>Techniques in macromolecular biology (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. PCR, RT-PCR, Real time PCR, RAPD, RFLP, DNA sequencing. 2. Protein purification: a) Centrifugation b) Sedimentation c) Chromatography (Adsorption, Affinity, Gel filtration, ion-exchange, HPLC) 3. Protein sequencing/detection of amino acids: Edman's and Sanger's reaction 4. Spectrophotometry in quantitation of macromolecules. 5. X-ray crystallography

Reference Books:

1. Berg J.M., Tymoczko J.L., and Stryer L., Biochemistry, 2006, 6th edition, *Freeman Publishers, New York.*
2. Hardin J., Bertoni J.P., Kleinsmith L.J., Becker's World of the Cell: International Edition, 2011, 8th Edition, *Pearson Publishers.*
3. Nelson D.L. and Cox M.M., Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry, 2000, 6th edition. *Worth Publishers, New York.*
4. Lewin, B., Genes XI, 2006, 11th Edition, *Jones and Bartlett Publishers.*
5. Pierce B., Genetics: A Conceptual Approach, 3rd edition, 2008, *W. H. Freeman & Co.*
6. Plummer M. and Plummer D.T., Introduction To Practical Biochemistry, 1988, 3rd Edition, *McGraw Hill Publication*
7. Russell, P.J., iGenetics- A Molecular Approach, 3rd edition, 2010, *Pearson Publishers.*
8. Snustad & Simmons, Principles of Genetics, 6th edition, 2012, *John Wiley & Sons Inc.*
9. Voet D. and Voet J.G., Biochemistry, 2010, 4th edition, *Wiley & Sons Publishers, New York.*
10. Wilson, K. & Walker, J., Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, 2010, 7th Edition, *Cambridge University Press.*

PAPER –II CELL BIOLOGY I

NAME OF THE COURSE	CELL BIOLOGY I	
CLASS	MSc LIFE SCIENCES	
COURSE CODE	SMSLSC102	
NUMBER OF CREDITS	4	
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER WEEK	4	
TOTAL NUMBER OF LECTURES PER SEMESTER	60	
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL ASSESSMENT	SEMESTER END EXAMINATION
TOTAL MARKS	50	50
PASSING MARKS	20	20

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

CO 1.	To enable understanding of microbial diversity and structure of prokaryotic cell
CO 2.	To understand microbial growth and its control
CO 3.	To introduce students to Organelles of eukaryotic cells – structure and function.
CO 4.	To understand concept of intercellular communication and various methods used to study cellular processes.

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES:

CLO 1.	The student will be able to Distinguish between different forms of bacteria and archaea.
CLO 2.	The student will be able to have thorough knowledge of characteristics of antibiotic drugs and the mode of action
CLO 3.	The student will be able to have understanding of Eukaryotic cell, the membrane, the organelles and the benefits of compartmentalization
CLO 4.	The student will be able to further understand the function of cytoskeleton and the importance of cell junctions

Unit	Topic headings
1	<p>Biology of Prokaryotes (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Viruses: Structure and life cycle of bacteriophage, DNA virus and RNA virus. 2. Microbial diversity: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) Bacteria: Purple and green bacteria, budding bacteria rods, Spirochetes, Sheathed bacteria, Endospore forming rods and cocci. b) Archaea: Archaea as earliest life forms; Halophiles, Methanogens; Hyperthermophilic archaea and Thermoplasma. c) Eukarya: Algae, Fungi, Slime molds (General characteristic and types) 3. Prokaryotic Cell Structure- Cell wall, cell membrane and nucleoid; Flagella and motility; inclusion bodies, endospores 4. Microbial Growth: Growth curve; Measurement of growth and growth yields; Synchronous growth; Continuous culture; Effect of environmental factors on growth 5. Chemotherapy/Antibiotics: General characteristics of antimicrobial drugs; Antibiotics: Classification, mode of action and resistance; Antifungal and antiviral drugs.
2	<p>Biology of Eukaryotes – I (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Plasma Membrane Structure, lipid bilayer, membrane proteins 2. Principles of Membrane Transport: Transporters and Active Membrane Transport; Ion Channels and electrical properties of membranes 3. Intracellular Compartments and Protein Sorting: Compartmentalization of cells, Endoplasmic Reticulum, Golgi Apparatus and transport from ER to Golgi and lysosomes, Endocytosis and Exocytosis; Transport of molecules into nucleus, mitochondria, chloroplast and peroxisomes. Proteosomal destruction of aberrant proteins 4. Nucleus: Membrane and nuclear pore complex, nucleolus, nucleosome model

3	<p>Biology of Eukaryotes – II (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Energy conversion: Mitochondria and electron transport chain, Chloroplast and photosynthesis. 2. Cytoskeleton: Dynamic structure of Cytoskeletal filaments, Molecular motors, functions of cytoskeleton 3. Cell junctions, Cell adhesion and Extracellular Matrix: Tight junctions, Gap Junctions, Adhesion junctions, Cadherins, Integrins 4. Extracellular matrix
4	<p>Techniques in cell biology I (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Visualizing cells: Microscopy-Light 5 microscopy, Phase contrast and DIC for unstained cells, Fluorescence microscopy, Confocal microscopy, Electron microscopy 2. 2. Techniques to enhance visualization: Fluorescent tags for live imaging, antibody or 7 radioisotope binding for specific molecule detection, light emitting indicators for ion concentrations, Optical traps to manipulate objects, single molecule visualization using Total Internal Reflection Fluorescence microscopy. 3. in situ localization and FISH

Reference Books:

1. Alberts B. et al, Molecular Biology of the Cell, 2016, *Garland Science*
2. Karp G., Cell Biology, 7th Edition, 2013, *Wiley International Student Edition*
3. Lodish H., Molecular Cell Biology, 5th Edition, 2016, *W. H. Freeman & Co.*
4. Brock, Biology of Microorganisms, 13th Edition, 2012, *Benjamin Cummins*
5. Spector, David L. & Goldman, R.D., Basic Methods in Microscopy: Protocols and Concepts From Cells: A Laboratory Manual, 2006, *Cold Spring Harbour Laboratory Press.*
6. Tortora G., Microbiology an Introduction, 10th Edition, 2010, *Benjamin Cummins*
7. Willey J., Prescott's Microbiology, 10th Edition, 2017, *McGraw Hill Education*

PAPER –III SYSTEMS BIOLOGY I

NAME OF THE COURSE	SYSTEMS BIOLOGY I	
CLASS	MSc LIFE SCIENCES	
COURSE CODE	SMSLSC103	
NUMBER OF CREDITS	4	
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER WEEK	4	
TOTAL NUMBER OF LECTURES PER SEMESTER	60	
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL ASSESSMENT	SEMESTER END EXAMINATION
TOTAL MARKS	50	50
PASSING MARKS	20	20

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

CO 1.	The student will be able to familiarize the students to Physiological systems
CO 2.	The student will be able to Introduce the students to the basics of Immunology
CO 3.	The student will be able to Describe the significance of Host Parasite interactions and diseases
CO 4.	The student will be able to Illustrate and demonstrate the techniques used in physiology and immunology

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES:

CLO 1.	To enable understanding of Physiological systems that maintain homeostasis-Digestive, Circulatory, Excretory
CLO 2.	To gain an understanding regarding the immune cells, organs of the immune system and immune response
CLO 3.	To understand the details about host parasite interactions and apply the knowledge while performing experiments
CLO 4.	To compare, contrast and also apply the techniques used in physiology and immunology during their project work

Unit	Topic headings
1	<p>Physiology-I (15 Lectures)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Levels of Organization of Animal body at Tissue and Organ level. • Concept and Definition of Homeostasis. Homeostatic control and their relevance. • Disruptions in Homeostasis and its impact on Physiology. <p>I. Digestive system:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Digestive tract and accessory digestive organs. 2. Digestive processes and an overview of three major nutrients. 3. Gastrointestinal Hormones <p>II. Circulatory System:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Blood, blood vessels and blood pressure. 2. Anatomy of the heart and its electrical activity. 3. Events associated with cardiac cycle. <p>III. Excretory system:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Nephron as a functional unit, 2. Basic renal processes, Globular filtration, Tubular reabsorption, and Tubular excretion. 3. Urine excretion and body's state of hydration.
2	<p>Immunology (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Cells and organs of the Immune System, Mechanisms of Innate immunity – including Complement system 2. Antibody structure and function, Generation of antibody diversity, B cell ontogeny 3. T cell receptors and their diversity, T cell ontogeny – Helper and cytotoxic T cell 4. MHC molecules and antigen presentation 5. Vaccine- active and passive immunization; Types of vaccine

3	<p>Diseases: (15 Lectures)</p> <p>I. Host parasite interactions and Diseases</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Mechanisms of pathogenesis: bacterial and viral; Parasite evasion strategies 2. Study of following infections including Etiology, Transmission, Pathogenesis, Clinical Manifestations, Laboratory diagnosis, Prophylaxis, and Treatment <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Bacterial- eg. Typhoid, Cholera, Tuberculosis / Leprosy b. Viral- eg. Polio, AIDS c. Parasitic- eg. Malaria, Roundworm, Filariasis d. Fungal- eg. Candidiasis <p>II Plant Pathology</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Tungro virus 2. Bacterial Leaf Blight 3. Red rot disease 4. Root-knot nematode 5. Production of disease free plants
4	<p>Techniques in systems biology I (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Physiology I <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) Kidney function tests – BUN, creatinine (range, basic interpretation/biological significance) b) Cardiac function tests – Troponin, creatinine kinase (range, basic interpretation/biological significance) 2. Techniques in immunology <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) Immunoelectrophoresis b) ELISA, Western blot, Chemiluminescence c) Immunohistochemistry and Immunofluorescence, d) Production of Monoclonal antibodies

Reference Books:

- Alberts B., Johnson A., Lewis L., Morgan D., Raff M., Roberts K., Walter P., Molecular Biology of the Cell, 2007 or 2014, 5th Edition or 6th Edition, *Garland Science Publication*.
- Delves P., Mastin S. et al, Roitt's Essential Immunology, 2006, 11th Edition, *Blackwell Publishing*.
- Guyton A.C. and Hall J.E., Text Book of Medical, 2006, 11th Edition, *Elsevier Saunders*
- Kuby Immunology by Kindt, Goldsby, Osborne, 2007, 6th edition, *W. H. Freeman*.
- Mukherjee, Kanai L., Medical Laboratory Technology, 1988, Reprint Edition, *Tata MacGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., New Delhi*.

- Seeley R, Stephens T and Tate P, Anatomy and Physiology, 2004, 6th Edition, *The McGraw–Hill Companies*.
- Spector, David L. & Goldman, R.D., Basic Methods in Microscopy: Protocols and Concepts From Cells: A Laboratory Manual, 2006, *Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press*.
- Taiz, Zeiger, Moller and Murphy, Plant Physiology, 2014 6th edition, *Sinauer Publications*.
- Taylor D.J., Green N.P.O., Stout G.W., Ed. Soper R., Biological Science, 2005, 3rd Edition, *Cambridge University Press*.
- || Tortora G. and Grabowski S., Principles of Anatomy and Physiology, 2010, 10th Edition, *John Wiley & Sons, Inc.*

PAPER –IV BIOETHICS, TOXICOLOGY, BIOSTATISTICS AND BIOINFORMATICS

NAME OF THE COURSE	BIOETHICS, TOXICOLOGY, BIOSTATISTICS AND BIOINFORMATICS	
CLASS	MSc LIFE SCIENCES	
COURSE CODE	SMSLSC104	
NUMBER OF CREDITS	4	
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER WEEK	4	
TOTAL NUMBER OF LECTURES PER SEMESTER	60	
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL ASSESSMENT	SEMESTER END EXAMINATION
TOTAL MARKS	50	50
PASSING MARKS	20	20

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

CO 1.	To apprehend the major classes of toxicology, different toxins, and route of exposure, risk assessment, prediction and management.
CO 2.	Demonstration and understanding of the central concepts of modern statistical theory and their probabilistic foundation.

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES:

CLO 1.	The students will be able to design, execute and statistically analyse experiments using the principles of scientific research methodology.
CLO 2.	The student will be able to Interpret results by using descriptive statistical methods effectively.

Unit	Topic headings
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1	<p>Bioethics (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Bioethics: Definition – moral, values, ethics and ethics in biology; Role and importance of ethics in biology; 2. Basic Approaches to Ethics; Post humanism and Anti-Post humanism; 3. Bioethics in healthcare, agriculture, modern biology, biotechnology, animal welfare & right / animals in research, wildlife conservation and management, commercialism in scientific research 4. Bioethics and cross-cultural bioethics – Autonomy, Rights, Beneficence, Do No Harm, Justice, Confidentiality, Animal Rights, Environmental ethics, Mixed Perception of Benefit & Risk, 5. Reasoning behind Acceptance or Rejection of Genetic Manipulation, Concerns about Consuming products of GMOs Past and Present ‘Bioethical Conflicts’ in Biotechnology- Interference with Nature, Fear of unknown, Regulatory concerns, Human misuse 6. Introduction to IPR; Types of Intellectual property – Patents, Trademarks, Copyrights and related rights.
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2	<p>Toxicology (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. History of toxicology, classification of toxicology. 2. Toxicants: Exposure, exposure characterization. 3. Routes of exposure: Organism environment interaction, Animal and plant toxins, Absorption and distribution of toxicants, 4. Hazard identification: Risk assessment (Human health risk assessment) Risk prediction and management (management of acute intoxication, natural detoxification – biochemical and genetic mechanism)
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3	<p>Biostatistics I (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Data: types of data, collection & classification, Frequency distribution, diagrammatic & graphical representation of data 2. Measures of central tendency and measures of variation/dispersion 3. Probability: Types of Probability (Mathematical & Statistical), their characteristics and limitations, Theorems of Probability- Additional, Multiplication theorem, Permutation & Combination, Random Variable, Theoretical Probability Distribution Baye’s theorem 4. Normal Distribution (Z score), Binomial Distribution, Poisson Distribution 5. Correlation: Introduction, types of Correlation, method of study of correlation & application. 6. Regression: Types of regression, regression lines & its properties.
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4	<p>Research Methodology: (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Introduction and rationale 2. Types of Research studies: Prospective or Retrospective; Case-control, Crosssectional, longitudinal (to be applied to students' actual research projects) 3. Definition and Formulation of a Problem, Designing and conducting a research project
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. Method of data collection: Experiments, Interviews, Questionnaires and Surveys, Data records of data storage and good laboratory practices 5. Reporting: Principles of effective writing: Literature review, Report writing: Thesis/Dissertation, Grant writing 6. Types of grants: Fellowship/ Travel/ Project/Conference/Workshop & Proposal writing 7. Plagiarism in research

Reference Books

- Arora P.N. & Malhan P.K. Biostatistics, 2002, First Reprint Edition, *Himalaya Publishing House*.
- Banerjee P.K., Introduction to Biostatistics, 2004, First Edition, *S. Chand & Company Pvt. Ltd.*
- Booth V., Communicating in Science: Writing a Scientific Paper and Speaking at Scientific Meetings, 2003, *Cambridge University Press*.
- Creswell J.W., Creswell J.D., Research Design: Qualitative, Quantitative, and Mixed Method Approaches, 2017, *Sage Publications*.
- Day R. A., Gastel B., How to Write & Publish a Scientific Paper, 2011, *Greenwood*.
- Gurumani N., An Introduction to Biostatistics, 2011, Second Revised Edition, *M.J.P. Publisher*.
- Gurumani N., Research Methodology for Biological Sciences, 2006, *MJP Publishers*.
- Mahajan B.K., Methods in Biostatistics, 2002, Sixth Reprint Edition, *Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd.*
- Matthews J.R., Matthews R.W., Successful Scientific Writing: A Step-By-step Guide for the Biological and Medical Sciences, *Cambridge University Press*.
- Marczyk G., DeMatteo D., Festinger D., Essentials of Research Design and Methodology, 2010, *John Wiley and Sons, Inc.*
- Laake P., Benestad H.B., Olsen B.R., Research Methodology in the Medical and Biological Sciences, 2007, *Acad Press*.
- Santra S.C., Fundamentals of Ecology and Environmental Biology, 2010, First Edition, *New Central Book Agency (P) Ltd.*

SEMESTER I PRACTICAL

COURSE CODE: SMSLSCP101

1. How to Write a Lab Report
2. Extraction of lipid by Bligh and Dyer method and detection and estimation by TLC
3. Extraction and estimation of ascorbic acid from vegetable source by colorimetric method
4. Extraction and estimation of phosphorous by Fiske-Subbarao method
5. Estimation of Amino acids by Ninhydrin method
6. Enzyme kinetics, effects of pH, temperature, time and substrate concentration, determination of K_m and V_{max} using potato phosphatase/Amylase/ Enzyme assay to measure the activity of succinate dehydrogenase.
7. Isolation of chloroplasts from spinach (or any other suitable system) and chlorophyll estimation.

COURSE CODE: SMSLSCP102

1. Staining of capsule/endospore/flagella from the given culture
2. Electron Micrographs of cell organelles (demonstration)
3. Preservation of micro-organisms: sub culturing, glycerol stocks, concept of lyophilization (demonstration).
4. Growth curve of *E. coli* and Diauxic growth curve.
5. Isolation of auxotrophic mutants after exposure to UV/ chemical mutagen.
6. Induction of the Lac operon and assessment of enzyme activity using a suitable system (e.g. *E. coli*).
7. Antibiotic sensitivity tests – Agar Cup method and Disc Diffusion method
8. Microscopy – light, phase contrast, DIC, fluorescence (nuclear staining using Ethidium bromide or DAPI / lysosomal staining using acridine orange / phalloidin staining for actin filaments) – Demonstration COURSE CODE: SMSLSCP103
9. Histology – processing of tissue, preparation and cutting of sections and staining and preparation of permanent slide
10. Agglutination Reactions: Study of Blood groups, Isohemagglutinin titre in blood and Quantitative Widal Test
11. Precipitation Reactions: Single (Radial) immunodiffusion and Double immunodiffusion (Ouchterlony)
12. Separation of Mononuclear cells (lymphocytes) using a gradient and the determination of viable count of the same (Demonstration).

13. Innate Immunity: Testing the effects of saliva/tears/lysozyme on Staphylococcus, Streptococcus.
14. Biochemical tests for identification of microorganisms: Catalase, IMViC, Urease
15. Recording and Measurement of Blood Pressure, Correlation significance of Systole/Diastole and Heart rate, recording of ECG (Interpretation)

COURSE CODE: SMSLSCP104

1. Determination of population density (Daphnia or any suitable organism) by sub sampling method
2. Effect of toxicity in water on Daphnia.
3. Calculation of Biodiversity index from the given table-top habitat.
4. Extraction of DNA by DPA method using a suitable source, estimation of purity and visualization by Agarose gel electrophoresis.
5. Isolation of RNA from a suitable system and estimation (orcinol reagent), estimation of purity and visualization by Agarose gel electrophoresis.
6. Extraction and estimation of proteins by Folin Lowry
7. Separation of proteins using SDS-PAGE
8. Biostatistics: a) Measures of central tendency and measures of variation/dispersion b) Probability c) Normal Distribution (Z score), Binomial Distribution, Poisson Distribution d) Correlation e) Regression

Students are expected to have done the following experiments at the undergraduate level. However, if any student has not been exposed to them, they are expected to perform them prior to commencement of the PG practical.

1. Preparation of solutions and verification of Beer-lamberts law.
2. Estimation of sugar by DNSA method/ Starch by Anthrone method
3. Separation of amino acids by paper chromatography.
4. Mitosis in plant cells (onion root tips)
5. Study of nephridium, study of nephron histology study and analysis of a given urine sample.
6. Peripheral bloods smear preparation and staining.
7. Permanent slides of tissues

SEMESTER II
PAPER –I PRINCIPLES OF
GENETICS

NAME OF THE COURSE	PRINCIPLES OF GENETICS	
CLASS	MSc LIFE SCIENCES	
COURSE CODE	SMSLSC201	
NUMBER OF CREDITS	4	
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER WEEK	4	
TOTAL NUMBER OF LECTURES PER SEMESTER	60	
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL ASSESSMENT	SEMESTER END EXAMINATION
TOTAL MARKS	50	50
PASSING MARKS	20	20

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

CO 1.	To understand the theory of classical genetics
CO 2.	To understand the DNA repair mechanism
CO 3.	To acquire detailed understanding of Regulation of gene expression..
CO 4.	Introduce techniques in genetics

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES:

CLO 1.	Explain the concept of Classical genetics.
CLO 2.	Understand the processes involved in regulation of genes.
CLO 3.	Understand different tools in genetics and to apply these techniques for genetic manipulation

CLO 4.	To understand concepts involved in recombination, mutation, repair & regulation of gene expression in bacteria and eukaryotes
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Unit	Topic headings
1	<p>Inheritance Biology (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Concept of gene: Allele, multiple alleles, pseudoallele, complementation tests. 2. Mendelian principles: Dominance, segregation, independent assortment, deviation from Mendelian inheritance. 3. Extensions of Mendelian principles: Codominance, incomplete dominance, Lethal and Essential Genes. 4. Non Mendelian Inheritance: Cytoplasmic inheritance, organelle genetics, maternal inheritance.

2

**Regulation of gene expression, Epigenetics,
DNA damage and repair (15 Lectures)**

Regulation of gene expression:

1. Regulation of gene expression in prokaryotes and eukaryotes
2. Transposable elements in bacteria, Insertion segment elements, composite transposons, replicative and non-replicative transposons, Mu transposition, Controlling elements in TnA and Tn10 transposition, short interspersed elements (SINEs) and long interspersed elements (LINEs)

Epigenetics, DNA damage and repair:

1. Epigenetics: Imprinting, mechanism (Methylation and Acetylation), Anticipation, Penetrance and Expressivity.
2. DNA damage and Repair: Types of DNA damage (Deletion, duplication, inversion, translocation, ploidy and their genetic implications) , DNA repair mechanisms- - nucleotide excision repair, base excision repair, mismatch repair, recombination repair, double strand break repair, transcriptional coupled repair

3

Molecular Biology/Genetics (15 Lectures)

1. Microbial genetics: transformation, conjugation, transduction and sexduction, mapping genes by interrupted mating.
2. Quantitative genetics: Pleiotropy and epistasis, polygenic inheritance, heritability and its measurements, QTL mapping
3. Gene mapping methods: Linkage maps and lod score for linkage testing, tetrad analysis, mapping with molecular markers, mapping by using somatic cell hybrids
4. Extra chromosomal inheritance: Inheritance of mitochondrial and chloroplast genes, maternal inheritance.
5. Mutation: lethal, conditional, loss of function, gain of function
6. Recombination: Homologous and nonhomologous recombination, including transposition, site-specific recombination.
7. Human genetics: Pedigree analysis, karyotypes, genetic disorders; Human Genome Project and Genome wide associated studies.

4

Techniques in genetics (15 Lectures)

1. Vectors
 - a. Phages (λ , M13, SV 40, Baculo virus)
 - b. Plasmids (pBR322), Ti plasmids in plants
 - c. Cosmids, YAC, BAC, PAC
2. Screening/ selection techniques – Antibiotic / blue-white screening
3. Gene cloning, Gene transfer, transgenic animal and plant production, gene editing- *cre/loxP*
4. DNA libraries - genomic and cDNA libraries
5. RNase protection assay, Microarray technique.
6. Gene therapy: Ex vivo and in vivo therapy, strategies and delivery.

Reference Books:

1. Berg J.M., Tymoczko J.L., and Stryer L., Biochemistry, 2006, 6th edition, *Freeman Publishers*, New York.
2. Hardin J., Bertoni J.P., Kleinsmith L.J., Becker's World of the Cell: International Edition, 2011, 8th Edition, *Pearson Publisher*.
3. Nelson D.L. and Cox M.M., Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry, 2000, 6th edition. *Worth Publishers*, New York.
4. Lewin, B., Genes IX, 2006, *Jones and Bartlett Publishers*.
5. Pierce B., Genetics: A Conceptual Approach, 3rd edition, 2008, *W. H. Freeman & Co.*
6. Russell, P.J., iGenetics- A Molecular Approach, 3rd edition, 2010, *Pearson Publishers*.
7. Snustad & Simmons, Principals of Genetics, 6th edition, 2012, *John Wiley & Sons Inc.*
8. Voet D. and Voet J.G., Biochemistry, 2010, 4th edition, *Wiley & Sons Publishers*, New York.

PAPER –II CELL BIOLOGY II

NAME OF THE COURSE	CELL BIOLOGY II	
CLASS	MSc LIFE SCIENCES	
COURSE CODE	SMSLSC202	
NUMBER OF CREDITS	4	
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER WEEK	4	
TOTAL NUMBER OF LECTURES PER SEMESTER	60	
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL ASSESSMENT	SEMESTER END EXAMINATION
TOTAL MARKS	50	50
PASSING MARKS	20	20

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

CO 1.	To enable understanding of the basics of cell division and cell cycle and molecules in cell cycle regulation
CO 2.	To understand cell signalling with examples and cell death processes and pathways involved.
CO 3.	Introduction to autophagy, its machinery and examples.
CO 4.	Introduction to techniques in cell cycle analysis, apoptosis, autophagy and cell signalling.

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES:

CLO 1.	Learn to Differentiate between different cell cycle stages and gain knowledge about cyclins and cyclin dependent kinases.
CLO 2.	Learn to Differentiate between morphological and cellular changes due to necrosis and apoptosis
CLO 3.	Learn to Differentiate between different kinds of cell signalling with the receptors and signal transduction
CLO 4.	Students will gain knowledge about techniques used in cell biology like TUNEL assay, Comet assay, autophagy marker assay, MTT cell proliferation assay and cell signalling kinase assay.

Unit	Topic headings
1	Cell cycle and its regulation (15 Lectures) 1. Cell division: a. An overview of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell division b. Events in M-phase 2. Cell cycle: a. Stages of the cell cycle – Interphase (G ₀ , G ₁ , S G ₂), Mitosis b. Major cell cycle checkpoints c. Role of proteins controlling spindle assembly 3. Embryonic cell cycle- Comparison of embryonic and somatic cell cycle 4. Cyclins & CDK's: a. Types and role of Cyclins, CDKs and Cdk inhibitor proteins in regulation b. Importance of Rb/E2F; Role of p53 5. Loss of cell cycle control in relation to cancer a. Overview of cancer and genes involved along with their functions b. Mutations causing loss of cell cycle control

<p style="text-align: center;">2</p>	<p>Cell death- Apoptosis, Necrosis and Autophagy (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Necrosis: Morphological and cellular changes due to necrosis 2. Apoptosis: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Apoptosis: morphological changes b. Genes involved in apoptosis: bcl2 family, Caspases, adaptor proteins c. Molecular mechanisms: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Extrinsic pathway ii. Intrinsic pathway iii. Caspase independent (CICD) pathway <ol style="list-style-type: none"> d. Apoptosis as a physiologically important process in development and maintenance e. Comparison of apoptosis and necrosis 1. Autophagy: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Concept of autophagy b. Basic autophagy machinery c. Autophagy and diseases (any one example)
<p style="text-align: center;">3</p>	<p>Cell signalling (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Overview of types of signalling- endocrine, autocrine, paracrine & nervous system signalling 2. Modes of Cell Signalling- Direct & indirect 3. Types of messengers – hydrophobic and hydrophilic 4. Types of receptors – <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) Extracellular receptors (ligand-gated receptor, Enzyme coupled receptors, G-protein coupled receptors with examples) b) Intracellular receptors with example c) Regulation of receptors d) Agonist & antagonist of receptors 5. Signal Transduction of the above receptors 6. Regulation of cell signalling and feedback mechanism
<p style="text-align: center;">4</p>	<p>Techniques in cell biology II (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Cell cycle analyses - Detection of specific cyclins, flow cytometry, MTT cell proliferation assay 2. Apoptosis - Detection of pro- and antiapoptosis proteins, Detection of DNA fragmentation - TUNEL, COMET assay, Membrane permeability assay/ Phospholipid symmetry (Annexin V staining) 3. Autophagy – markers of autophagy (LC3, Atg8) assays 4. Cell signalling – kinase assays, detection of specific phosphor-proteins

Reference Books:

1. Alberts B., Johnson A., Lewis J., Morgan D., Raff M., Roberts K., Walter P., Molecular Biology of the Cell, 2007 or 2014, 5th Edition or 6th Edition, *Garland Science Publications*
2. Hardin J., Bertoni J.P., Kleinsmith L.J., Becker's World of the Cell: International Edition, 2011, 8th Edition, *Pearson Publisher*
3. Karp G, Cell Biology, 2013, 7th Edition- International Student Edition, *Wiley Publication.*
4. Lodish H., Berk A., Kaiser C.A., Molecular Cell Biology, 2012, 7th Edition, *Macmillan Learning Publications.*
5. Paul A., Text book of Cell and Molecular Biology, 2009, Second Edition, *Books and Allied (P) Ltd.*
6. Plopper G, Principles of Cell Biology, 2016, 2nd Edition, *Jones and Bartlett Learning Publication.*
7. Taylor D.J., Green N.P.O., Stout G.W., Ed. Soper R., Biological Science, 2005, 3rd Edition, *Cambridge University Press.*

PAPER –III SYSTEMS BIOLOGY II

NAME OF THE COURSE	SYSTEMS BIOLOGY II	
CLASS	MSc LIFE SCIENCES	
COURSE CODE	SMSLSC203	
NUMBER OF CREDITS	4	
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER WEEK	4	
TOTAL NUMBER OF LECTURES PER SEMESTER	60	
EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL ASSESSMENT	SEMESTER END EXAMINATION
TOTAL MARKS	50	50
PASSING MARKS	20	20

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

CO 1.	To understand in detail about the Endocrine, Reproductive and Nervous systems.
CO 2.	To study the concepts of development biology.
CO 3.	Introduces the details about different types of model systems used in developmental biology.
CO 4.	To Outline the fundamentals of different tools used in systems biology.

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES:

CLO 1.	The student will be able to Understand the function and organization of Endocrine, Reproductive and Nervous systems.
CLO 2.	The student will be able to Comprehend the different stages of development
CLO 3.	The student will be able to Inculcate and apply the knowledge of the model system while proposing objectives for their project work.
CLO 4.	The student will be able to Compare, contrast and apply the knowledge of different tools for their project work.

Unit	Topic headings
1	<p>Endocrine system: (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Functions of Endocrine glands (an overview)2. Biological roles of hormones (protein, glycoprotein and steroid hormones any one example with their mechanism of action) <p>Reproductive system:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Gametogenesis and fertilization2. Zygote formation, implantation, placentation, sex determination3. Major events in the trimesters of pregnancy4. Parturition and lactation <p>Nervous system</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. General organisation of nervous system2. Basic functional unit of nervous system3. Impulse generation and conduction of nerve impulse4. Synaptic transmission: Electrical and Chemical with examples of two neurotransmitters and their receptors

2	<p>Developmental biology: (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Concepts of development: Potency, commitment, specification, induction, competence, determination and differentiation 2. Early development: cleavage, blastula formation, embryonic fields, gastrulation neurulation 3. Introduction to Model system- <i>Dictyostelium</i> (cell aggregation and differentiation), <i>Drosophila</i> (maternal genes and zygotic genes), <i>C.elegans</i>(cell lineage and cell fate), <i>zebrafish/ hydra</i> (embryogenesis, regeneration)
3	<p>Plant Physiology: (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Transport and translocation of solutes 2. Role of Diffusion and water potential 3. Role of membrane transport proteins 4. Phloem loading and unloading 5. Function of Plant hormones 6. Role of environmental cues during flowering. <p>Plant secondary metabolites and defence mechanism</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Plant Surface protection compounds: Cutin, Suberin and waxes. 2. Secondary metabolites as protectants: Terpenes, phenolic compounds and Alkaloids. 3. Hypersensitive responses in plants, synthesis of Phytoalexins, Plant resistance genes (R genes),Systemic acquired resistance.
4	<p>Techniques in systems biology II: (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Hormone Replacement Therapy – Benefits and Risks 2. ART – IVF and ICSI 3. Sonography 4. Karyotyping, amniocentesis/ chorionic villi sampling 5. Genetic counselling (eg. thalassemia) 6. Developmental Biology – fate maps, chimeras, embryo lethal mutants, transient transgenesis 7. Plant tissue culture

Reference Books:

- Alberts B., Johnson A., Lewis L., Morgan D., Raff M., Roberts K., Walter P., Molecular Biology of the Cell, 5th Edition (2007) or 6th Edition (2014), *Garland Science Publication*. || Delves P., Mastin S. et al, Roitt's Essential Immunology, 2006, 11th Edition, *Blackwell Publishing*.
- Gilbert S.F.,Developmental Biology (2016) 11th Edition, *Sinauer Pub*.

- Guyton A.C. and Hall J.E., Text Book of Medical, 2006, 11th Edition, *Elsevier Saunders*
- Kindt, Goldsby, Osborne, Kuby Immunology, 2007, 6th edition, *W. H. Freeman*.
- Mukherjee, Kanai L., Medical Laboratory Technology, 1988, Reprint Edition, *Tata MacGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., New Delhi*.
- Raphael S.S., Lynch's medical laboratory technology, 3rd Edition.
- Seeley R, Stephens T and Tate P, Anatomy and Physiology, 2004, 6th Edition, *The McGraw–Hill Companies*.

**PAPER –IV BIOETHICS, TOXICOLOGY,
BIOSTATISTICS II AND BIOINFORMATICS**

NAME OF THE COURSE	BIOETHICS, TOXICOLOGY, BIOSTATISTICS II AND BIOINFORMATICS
CLASS	MSc LIFE SCIENCES
COURSE CODE	SMSLSC204
NUMBER OF CREDITS	4
NUMBER OF LECTURES PER WEEK	4
TOTAL NUMBER OF LECTURES PER SEMESTER	60

EVALUATION METHOD	INTERNAL ASSESSMENT	SEMESTER END EXAMINATION
TOTAL MARKS	50	50
PASSING MARKS	20	20

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

CO 1.	To infer evolutionary concepts and population studies
CO 2.	To outline fundamentals of biostatistics and bioinformatics
CO 3.	To introduce students into the world of 'omics' with a bioinformatics perspective

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES:

CLO 1.	The student will be able to familiarize themselves with various biological databases/tools and their applications
CLO 2.	The student will be able to understand and analyze sequences and construct phylogenetic trees.
CLO 3.	The student will be able to understand various biological databases/tools and their applications and analyse sequences and construct phylogenetic

Unit	Topic headings
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<p>1</p>	<p>Evolution (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Theories of Evolution- Lamarckism, Darwinism- concepts of variation, adaptation, struggle, fitness and natural selection, Mendelism, spontaneity of mutations, the evolutionary synthesis. 2. Evidences of evolution- homologous, anatomical, geographical, biochemical, fossil- formation, types of fossils 3. Origin of cells and unicellular evolution: Concept of Oparin and Haldane; Miller's experiment, evolution of prokaryotes and unicellular eukaryotes. 4. Palaeontology and evolutionary history: The evolutionary time scale; eras, periods and epoch; major events in the evolutionary time scale, Trends in human evolution, Social evolution, Molecular palaeontology techniques (protein, DNA, RNA based) 5. Molecular Evolution: molecular divergence and molecular clocks, molecular tools in phylogeny. 6. Human genetic disease evolution: BRCAI (Breast cancer), G6PD Deficiency
<p>2</p>	<p>Population Biology: (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Dynamics, Density, age structure of a population, 2. Population growth, Exponential and Logistic growth, carrying capacity 3. Population Genetics: gene pool, gene frequency, Hardy Weinberg Law and its role in evolution and speciation 4. Ecological interactions: predation, Mutualism, Parasitism, communalism, symbiosis 5. Intra and Interspecific competition. 6. Adaptive dynamics theory: Ecoevolutionary feed back

3	<p>Biostatistics II (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Population Statistics: Population parameters and sample statistics, sampling techniques, simple random sampling, stratified random sampling, systematic sampling, standard error of mean. 2. Estimation, point and interval, confidence interval for population, mean and proportion. 3. Hypothesis testing: type-1 and type-2 errors, levels of significance, one tailed and 2 tailed tests 4. Student's t-Test: Paired and unpaired t tests 5. Z-Test: Definition, application, characteristics 6. F-Test: Definition, application, characteristics 7. Analysis of Variance (ANOVA): Oneway & Two-way ANOVA 8. Chi-square test: Assumptions & conditions for the use of Chi-square test, test for goodness of fit and test for independence (2x2).
4	<p>Bioinformatics (15 Lectures)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Introduction to bioinformatics and History of bioinformatics 2. Biological databases and their types – Primary and secondary databases, specialized databases, possible limitations of databases 3. Pairwise sequence alignment – Local and global alignment, Dot Plot/ Dynamic Programming, PAM and BLOSUM, BLAST and its variants, FASTA, statistical significance (P and E value) 4. Multiple sequence alignment - Heuristic approach (progressive alignment, iterative alignment, and block-based alignment) 5. Phylogenetic trees – Molecular evolution, rooted and unrooted trees, phylograms and cladograms, UPGMA, NeighbourJoining Method, Maximum Parsimony. 6. Gene Prediction: Concept of six frame translation, Methods for gene prediction – homology and Ab initio 7. Omics techniques: Genomics (Human Genome Project and SNP arrays), transcriptomics (cDNA and miRNA arrays), Proteomics (types, chemical versus metabolic labelling, gel based versus gel free methods) and omics data management (e.g. gene ontology)

Reference Books:

- Arora P.N. & Malhan P.K. Biostatistics, 2002, First Reprint Edition, *Himalaya Publishing House*.
- Banerjee P.K., Introduction to Biostatistics, 2004, First Edition, *S. Chand & Company Pvt. Ltd.*

- Carrol S.B., Remarkable Creatures: Epic Adventures in Search of the Origin of Species, 2009, *Mariner Books*
- Claverie J.M., Notredame C., Bioinformatics for Dummies, 2003, *John Wiley & Sons*
- Gurumani N., An Introduction to Biostatistics, 2011, Second Revised Edition, *M.J.P. Publisher.*
- Hall B. and Hallgrimsson B., Strickberger's Evolution, 2008, 4th Edition, *Jones and Bartlett Publishers*
- Hamilton M.B., Population Genetics, 2009, *Wiley-Blackwell*
- Mahajan B.K., Methods in Biostatistics, 2004, Sixth Reprint Edition, *Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd.*
- Xiong J, Essential Bioinformatics, 2006, *Cambridge University Press*

SEMESTER II PRACTICAL

COURSE CODE: SMSLSCP201

Literature Review, Research proposal and preliminary data submission (MANDATORY)

COURSE CODE: SMSLSCP202

1. Isolation of plasmid from E. coli and transformation of E. coli cells.
2. Neutral red staining for apoptosis in developing chick embryo.
3. Demonstration of MTT cell proliferation assay
4. Assessment of signalling pathways (PKC, IP3 and Calcium) in the regulation of nitrate assimilation in plants/ bacteria.

COURSE CODE: SMSLSCP203

1. Principle and working of Pregnancy test kit
2. Demonstration of ELISA Kit and measure of salivary cortisol
3. Proline content in normal and saline stressed plants
4. Estimation of Lignin/Flavonoids/Anthocyanin/Alkaloids
5. Estimation of Indole Acetic Acid.
6. Study of chick embryo development cytochrome C oxidase and staining
7. Effect of temperature on C. elegans development
8. Development of cartilage & bone of Zebrafish: Visualization Techniques (Alizarin, Alcian blue)
9. Study of imaginal disc of Drosophila
10. Study life cycle of Dictyostelium

COURSE CODE: SMSLSCP204

1. Calculation of gene frequency of ABO blood group in human population
2. Calculation of gene frequency due to selection and genetic drift
3. Problems in Genetics a. Problem solving: Multiple alleles, Lethal genes
4. Problem solving: Hardy Weinberg equation, Pedigree analysis.
5. Study of evolution of dental anatomy.
6. Density valuation of Daphnia from a given culture
7. Construction of cladogram and phylogenetic tree from a given data set
8. Solving problems using Chi Square test, Students t Test, ANOVA
9. Multiple sequence alignment
10. Phylogenetic tree analysis

11. BLAST- BLASTn, BLASTp,
12. Primer designing using BLAST and BioEdit
13. Gene ontology
14. OMIM
15. KEGG

Students are expected to have done the following experiments at the undergraduate level. However, if any student has not been exposed to them, they are expected to perform them prior to commencement of the PG practical.

1. Study of endocrine tissues, Placenta
2. Study of the organization of apical meristems: root and shoot.
3. Permanent slides of different stages of chick embryo
4. Study of types of fossil
5. Basics of databases: NCBI, EMBL, DDBJ