

SOPHIA COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (AUTONOMOUS)

Affiliated to the University of Mumbai

Programme: Sciences Chemistry (Major)

Syllabus for the Academic Year 2024-2025 based on the National Education Policy 2020



SOPHIA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

COURSE DETAILS FOR MAJOR:

	SEMESTER 3	SEMESTER 4
TITLE	Basics of Physical and Analytical Chemistry -I	General Chemistry
TYPE OF COURSE - DSC	Minor	Minor
CREDITS	3	3

Preamble:

Chemistry - a vibrant and ever growing science that encompasses every aspect of our lives. The fascinating study of matter and its applications is vital in areas like drug designing, material science, nanotechnology and most importantly, 'green chemistry', areas that are beneficial to both humanity and the environment. Bachelor's degree in Chemistry is the culmination of in-depth knowledge of Inorganic, Organic and Physical chemistry, Analytical chemistry and specialized courses such as Pharmaceutical Chemistry, spectroscopy, Nanoscience, Forensic Science, Cosmeticology, Food chemistry, Dairy Chemistry, Environmental chemistry and so on.

The learning objectives are designed to provide a focused outcome based syllabus with an agenda to structure the teaching learning experiences in a more student centric manner. This programme helps learners in building a solid foundation for higher studies in Chemistry. The hands-on experience the students gain in Practical enable them to apply theoretical knowledge acquired to solve problems in everyday life, think critically and innovatively. The syllabus is designed so that the student starts from the basic concepts of chemistry and will gradually move towards the advanced level. They are given opportunities to improve their creativity, scientific writing and communication skills through assignments and other co-curricular activities in all the semesters. The credit courses on "Positive Health in Women" and "Innovation in Natural dyeing and Entrepreneurship Skills" offered by the department further enhances their life skills and helps them evolve as entrepreneurs.

Students completing this programme will be equipped with knowledge of the concepts of Chemistry, interpret data and present their findings to both the scientific community and laymen. Completion of this programme will also enable the learners to join teaching professions, conducting research in Industry and Government run research labs



	PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES				
PO1	The students are expected to understand the basic concepts in chemistry and be aware of the recent development in the subject area.				
PO2	To inculcate critical thinking and scientific attitude in the students.				
PO3	The students should be able to apply the theoretical knowledge and practical skills acquired to solve the real world problems and environmental issues.				

	PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES			
PSO1	Core competency: The chemistry graduates are expected to gain theoretical and practical knowledge of the basic concepts in chemistry.			
PSO2	Skill development: They would acquire necessary skills and training to pursue higher studies in the field of chemistry and to be an entrepreneur.			
PSO3	Responsible citizens: The students will get trained to adopt and practice sustainable techniques for their personal growth and to address societal and environmental problems.			

Programme: Sciences CHEMISTRY MINOR	Semester – 3
Course Title: Basics of Physical and Analytical Chemistry -I	Course Code: SCHE233MJ

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Understand and enumerate the concept of entropy, free energy functions, its variation with temperature and pressure, partial molal properties and emanate the significance of Van't Hoff Reaction Isotherm & Isochore.
- 2. Understand different classes of chemical reactions with respect to kinetics
- 3. Know about catalysis, properties and types of catalyst, reactions with nanoparticles as catalyst and to derive the Michaelis-Menten equation.
- 4. Get acquainted with the language of analytical chemistry and its importance



COURSE OUTCOMES:

The learner will be able to :

- 1. Explain and relate the different thermodynamic parameters such as entropy, helmholtz free energy, gibbs free energy changes and its significance
- 2. To identify and classify chemical reactions with respect to kinetics identify techniques for fast reactions, the effect of temperature on rate and theories of reaction rate
- 3. Illustrate mechanism of reactions and explain the importance of catalysis
- 4. Identify and classify the sources of error, calculate accuracy and precision of a method from the given data, and apply significant figures rules accurately.

Lectures per week (1 Lectu	re is 60 minutes)		2	
Total number of Hours in a Semester		45		
Credits		2		
Evaluation System	Semester End Examination	2 Hours	50 marks	
	Internal Assessment		50 marks	

	1.1.1	Recapitulation: Second law of thermodynamics Free Energy Functions: Helmholtz Free Energy, Gibbs Free Energy,	
UNIT 1	1.1.2	Variation of Gibbs Free Energy with pressure and temperature, Gibbs -Helmholtz Equation. (Numericals expected)	
1.1 Chemical Thermodynamics – II	1.1.3	Thermodynamics of open systems: Partial molal properties, Chemical potential and its variation with pressure and temperature, Gibbs- Duhem equation.	
	1.1.4	Van't Hoff Reaction Isotherm and Van't Hoff Reaction Isochore. (Numericals expected)	
	1.2.1	Electrochemical Cells: Galvanic cells, Electrochemical conventions, Reversible and Irreversible cells.	15 hours

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UNIT 1 1.2	1.2.2	Types of electrodes, Standard electrode potential, Electrochemical series, Nernst Equations: Derivation and its applications. (Numericals expected).	
(1 Credit)	1.2.3	Calomel electrode, Glass electrode and Salt bridge – Principle, construction and working.	
	1.2.4	pH determination using Glass electrode and Quinhydrone electrode (Numericals expected)	
UNIT 2 2.1 Chemical	2.1.1	Collision theory of reaction rates application of collision theory to (1) Bimolecular reaction and (2) Unimolecular reaction (Lindermann theory, derivation expected). Merits and drawbacks of collision theory.	
Kinetics-II	2.1.2	Activated Complex Theory of Bimolecular Reactions. (Qualitative treatment only).	
	2.1.3	Comparison of collision theory and activated complex theory.	
	2.1.4	Classification of chemical reactions and study of kinetics by stop flow method.	
	2.2.1	Concept of catalysis and characteristic features of catalyst.	15 hours
UNIT 2 2.2 Catalysis	2.2.2	Homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysis, catalytic activity and selectivity, promoters, inhibitors, catalyst poisoning and deactivation.	
(1 Credit)	2.2.3	Mechanism and Kinetics of Acid and Base catalyzed reactions, Effect of pH on the rate of reaction.	
	2.2.4	Mechanism and Kinetics of Enzyme Catalyzed Reaction. (Michaelis-Menten's Equation).	
	3.1	Language of Analytical Chemistry: (Important terms and their significance in Analytical Chemistry): Analysis, determination, measurement, techniques, methods, procedures, protocols, sensitivity, selectivity, robustness, ruggedness and scale of operation.	



	3.2	Classical and non-classical methods of analysis: Their types and importance. Errors: Errors in analysis and its classification, Minimization of errors. Normal distribution curve.	
UNIT 3 Introduction to Analytical Chemistry (1 Credit)	3.3	Precision and accuracy: Methods for their expression:- Absolute error, relative error, mean, mode, median, range, deviation, relative average deviation, standard deviation, relative standard deviation, variance and coefficient of variance (Numericals expected)	15 hours
	3.4	Significant figures and computation: Significant figures, Significance of zero in the computation of analytical data, Rules of computation.	
	3.5	Calibration of glasswares: Calibration of burette, pipette and standard flask.	

PRACTICAL Course Title: BASICS OF PHYSICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY- I

COURSE OUTCOMES:

The learner will be able to :

- 1. analyze various compounds by using classical and instrumental methods of analysis
- 2. able to prove or verify laws/equations through simple experiments and calculate rate and order of the reaction for known chemical systems

Course Code: SCHE233MNP

Lectures per week (1 Lectur	re is 120 minutes)	1		
Total number of Hours in a	Semester	30		
Credits		1		
Evaluation System	Semester End Examination	2 Hours	50 marks	
	Internal Assessment			

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1	To interpret the order of the reaction graphically for the given experimental data and calculate the specific reaction rate.		
2	To investigate the reaction between $K_2S_2O_8$ and KI with equal concentration of reactants.		
3	To determine the rate constant for the alkaline hydrolysis of ethyl acetate conductometrically		
4	To titrate a strong acid against a strong base conductometrically		
5	To determine the standard EMF and the standard free energy of the Daniel cell potentiometrically.	30 hours	
6	To conduct a pH titration of a weak acid against a strong base and to find out its dissociation constant.		
7	To estimate the amount of zinc ions in solution complexometrically		
8	To determine the amount of magnesium ions in the given solution complexometrically		

ASSESSMENT DETAILS:

I. Internal Assessment (IA): 50 marks

II. Semester End Examination (SEE): 50 marks

References

- 1. Physical Chemistry by G.M. Barrow. Tata McGraw-Hill (2007)
- 2. Physical Chemistry by G.W. Castellan. Narosa 4th Edition (2004)
- 3. General Chemistry by Kotz J.C., Treichel P.M. & Townsend. Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi (2009)
- 4. University Chemistry by B.H. Mahan. Narosa 3rd Edition (1998)
- 5. General Chemistry by R.H. Petrucci. Macmillan Publishing Co., New York 5th Edition (1985)



- A textbook of Physical Chemistry by K.L. Kapoor. Macmillan Publishing Co., New Delhi 3rd Edition (2001)
- 7. Analytical Chemistry by G. L. David Krupadanam, D.Vijaya Prasad and others. University Press.
- 8. Modern Analytical Chemistry by David Harvey. Mc Graw-Hill International Edition.
- 9. Fundamental of Analytical Chemistry by Skoog, West, Holler and Crouch. Indian Edition
- 10. Analytical Chemistry by D. Kealey and P.J. Haines.
- 11. Quality Assurance in Analytical Chemistry by Elizabeth Prichard and Vicki Barwick. John Wiley and Sons, Ltd.
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- 13. Senior Practical Physical Chemistry by B.D. Khosla, V.C. Garg & A. Gulati. R. Chanda and Co., New Delhi (2011)
- 14. Experiments in Physical Chemistry by C.W. Garland, J.W. Nibler& D.P. Shoemaker. McGraw-Hill New York 8th Edition (2003)
- 15. Experimental Physical Chemistry by Halpern A.M. & G.C. McBane. W.H. Freeman and Co., New York (2003)
- 16. Experimental Physical Chemistry by V.D. Athawale and P. Mathur. New Age International, New Delhi (2001)
- 17. Practical Physical Chemistry by Vishwanathan B. and RaghavanP.S.. Viva Books (2017)
- Systematic experimental physical chemistry by Rajbhoj S.W. and Chondhekar T.K. Anjali Publication (2013)
- 19. Physical Chemistry A Lab Manual by Sinha S.K. Narosa Publication (2014)
- 20. Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis. Pearson Publication
- Vogel, A.I., Tatchell, A.R., Furnis B.S. Hanaford, A.J..J & Smith P.W.G, *Textbook of Practical Organic Chemisry*, Prentice-Hall, 5th Edition, 1996.
- 22. Ahluwalia, V.K. & Aggrawal, R. Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry, University Press
- 23. Vogel's qualitative inorganic analysis, G. Svehla, Orient Longman, sixth edition
- 24. Semi-micro qualitative analysis, Velcher and Hahn, East West Press
- 25. A textbook of quantitative inorganic analysis, Athur I. Vogel, Longman, 3rd edition
- 26. A. I. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis, Mendham, Pearson ,6th Edition



Programme: Sciences CHEMISTRY Mino	s r	Semester – 4		
Course Title: General	Chemistry	Course Code: SCHE234MN		
 COURSE OBJECTIVES: 1. To understand the bonding fundamentals for both ionic and covalent compounds, including electronegativities, bond distances and bond energies using MO diagrams and thermodynamic data. To predict geometries of simple molecules 2. To understand methods of preparation, reactions and applications of hydrocarbons, stability of cycloalkanes 3. To understand the regioselectivity involved in select reactions 4. To learn and apply mechanism of selected reactions 				
 <u>COURSE OUTCOMES</u>: The learner will be able to : 1. differentiate between ionic and covalent compounds, and explain their properties using different theories, predict and understand geometries of different covalent compounds 2. Write various preparative methods and predict the mechanisms of hydrocarbon and predict the stability of cycloalkanes 3. Predict the product for given reactions and identify and arrange the given compounds as per acidity and basicity. 4. predict and write the mechanism of a reaction under given conditions 				
Lectures per week (1 Lecture is 60 minutes) 3		3		
Total number of Hours in a Semester		45		
Credits		3		
Evaluation System	Semester End Examination	2 Hours	50 marks	
	Internal Assessment		50 marks	



	1.1.1	Ionic Bond: Introduction, conditions for the formation of an ionic bond.	
UNIT 1 1.1	1.1.2	Ionic crystals: definitions-crystal lattice, lattice points, unit cell, lattice parameters, types of ionic crystals	
Non-Direction al Bonding	1.1.3	Lattice Energy: Born-Lande equation, Kapustinski equation, Born-Haber Cycle and its application (Numericals expected)	
UNIT 1 1.2 Directional bonding	1.2.1	Covalent Bonding: Valence Bond Theory- introduction and basic tenets	
	1.2.2	1.2.2 Formation of H ₂ :Interaction between two hydrogen atoms and the potential energy diagram of the resultant system, corrections applied to the system of two hydrogen atoms	
	1.2.3	Hybridization and types of hybrid orbitals- <i>sp</i> , sp^2 , sp^3 , sp^3d , sp^3d^2	
	1.2.4	Equivalent and Non-Equivalent hybrid orbital	
	1.2.5 Limitations of VB		
UNIT 1 1.3 Molecular Orbital Theory	1.3.1	Introduction to MOT, definitions- bonding, anti-bonding and non-bonding molecular orbitals	15 hours
	1.3.2	LCAO- MO approach to homonuclear diatomic molecules H_2 to Ne ₂ (calculation of bond order and magnetic property).	
	1.3.3	Bond Order and magnetic property of species of $O_2 : O_2^+, O_2^2$	
	1.3.4 LCAO- MO approach to heteronuclear diatomic molecules- HCl, NO, CO(calculation of bond order and magnetic property).		
UNIT 1 1.4 Acid- Base Theory	1.4.1	Arrhenius, Lowry- Bronsted, Lewis, Usanovich concept, Solvent – Solute concept of acids and bases	



(1 Credit)	1.4.2	Concept of Ka and pKa to understand acid strength(numericals expected)	
	1.4.3	Hard and Soft acids and bases. Applications of HSAB	
	2.1.1	Introduction to Alkanes and Cycloalkanes. The Chemistry of Petroleum Refining, Shapes of Alkanes Conformational Analysis of Butane. The Relative Stabilities of Cycloalkanes: Ring Strain. Conformations of Cyclohexane: The Chair and the Boat	
UNIT 2 2.1 Alkanes	2.1.2	Physical Properties of Alkanes and Cycloalkanes, Synthesis of Alkanes and Cycloalkanes- Hydrogenation of Alkenes and Alkynes. Chemical Reactivity of Alkanes	
	2.1.3	Applications: The Chemistry of Pheromones, Muscle Action, Nanoscale Motors and Molecular Switches.	
UNIT 2 2.2 Alkenes and alkynes- Introduction	2.2.1Relative Stabilities of Alkenes, CycloalkenesNIT 2Synthesis of Alkenes via Elimination Reactions, (mechanism)Alkenes- Dehydrohalogenation of Alkyl Halides,alkynes-Acid-Catalyzed Dehydration of Alcohols, CarbocationStability, and Molecular Rearrangements		15 hours
	2.2.2	The Acidity of Terminal Alkynes, Synthesis of Alkynes by Elimination Reactions, Replacement of the Acetylenic Hydrogen Atom of Terminal Alkynes Alkylation of Alkynide Anions and Reactivity	
	2.2.3	The Chemistry of Hydrogenation in the Food Industry. The Function of the Catalyst, Hydrogenation of Alkynes	
UNIT 2 2.3 Alkenes and Alkynes Reactions (1 Credit)	2.3.1	Addition Reactions of Alkenes. Electrophilic Addition of Hydrogen Halides to Alkenes: Mechanism and Markovnikov's Rule Stereochemistry of the Ionic Addition to an Alkene Addition of Sulfuric Acid to Alkenes Addition of Water to Alkenes: Acid-Catalyzed Hydration.	



2.3.2 Alcohols from Alkenes through Oxymercuration–Demercuration: Markovnikov Addition Alcohols from Alkenes through Hydroboration–Oxidat Anti-Markovnikov Syn Hydration Hydroboration: Syn of Alkylboranes, Oxidation and Hydrolysis of Alkyl Bo Oxidative Cleavage of Alkenes.		Alcohols from Alkenes through Oxymercuration–Demercuration: Markovnikov Addition Alcohols from Alkenes through Hydroboration–Oxidation: Anti-Markovnikov Syn Hydration Hydroboration: Synthesis of Alkylboranes, Oxidation and Hydrolysis of Alkyl Boranes, Oxidative Cleavage of Alkenes.		
	2.3.3	Addition of Hydrogen Halides to Alkynes Electrophilic Addition of Bromine and Chlorine to Alkynes.		
	3.1.1	Terms involved in titrimetric methods of analysis, conditions suitable for titrimetry		
3.1 Titrimetric methods	3.1.2	Types of titrimetry: Neutralization, Redox (iodometry, iodimetry), Precipitation, and Complexometric titrations		
UNIT 3 3.2 Instrumental Methods	3.2.1	Basic concepts in Instrumental methods : Relation between the analyte, stimulus and measurement of change in the observable property.		
	3.2.2	Types of Analytical Instrumental methods (only principle) based on: (i) Optical Interaction: UV- Visible Spectroscopy, Polarimetry (ii) Electrochemical interactions: Potentiometry, pH metry and Conductometry (iii) Thermal interactions: Thermogravimetry	15 hours	
UNIT 3 Spectroscopic methods of analysis	3.3.1	EMR, absorption and emission spectroscopy, absorbance, transmittance and wavelength of maximum absorption. Beer-Lambert law and its deviation (no derivation) Numericals expected.		
	3.3.2	Instrumentation for absorption spectroscopy: Colorimeters and spectrophotometers, Block diagram of single and double beam colorimeter and spectrophotometer, Principle, construction and working.		
	3.3.3	Applications of UV-Vis spectroscopy: (i) Qualitative analysis (ii) Quantitative analysis by calibration curve method.		



PRACTICAL Course Title: GENERAL CHEMISTRY

Course Code: SCHE244MNP

COURSE OUTCOMES:

The learner will be able to :

- 1. identify the given monofunctional organic compounds
- 2. estimate the amount of compound present in the given sample using suitable method

Lectures per week (1 Lectur	re is 120 minutes)	1		
Total number of Hours in a Semester		30		
Credits		1		
Evaluation System	Semester End Examination	2 Hours	50 marks	
	Internal Assessment			

1	To determine the concentration of Cu (II) in the given solution by colorimetry	
2	To determine the percentage of optically active substance in a given solution (glucose/sucrose) by polarimetry.	
3	To determine the dissolved oxygen in the given sample.	
4	To determine the percentage of composition of calcium oxide/magnesium oxide in the given dolomite sample complexometrically.	30 hours
5	Systematic Qualitative analysis of organic compounds with mono functional groups (acids, phenols, alcohols/ketone, amides, nitro, amines, esters, hydrocarbons) minimum5 compounds	
6	Preparation of m-dinitrobenzene from nitrobenzene	



ASSESSMENT DETAILS:

I. Internal Assessment (IA): 50 marks

- 2 activities of 25 marks each
- An additional 25 mark activity will be held ONLY for those who missed any one or both of the 2 activities, due to valid reasons.

II. Semester End Examination (SEE): 50 marks

- All units of the syllabus will be covered in SEE and will be given equal weightage.
- An additional SEE will be held for those who are absent, due to valid reasons, for the main/regular SEE.

There is a single head of passing ; a student must get 40 marks out of 100 marks to clear the course but under the condition that the learner has attended IA activities and SEE. A student who fails will have to give an ATKT exam of 100 marks.

III. Practical Examination

- A 50 marks practical examination will be conducted at the end of the semester.
- Practical is a separate head of passing. The learner will have to get 20 out of 50 to pass the examination.

References

- 1. Physical Chemistry by G.M. Barrow. Tata McGraw-Hill (2007)
- 2. Physical Chemistry by G.W. Castellan. Narosa 4th Edition (2004)
- 3. General Chemistry by Kotz J.C., Treichel P.M. & Townsend. Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi (2009)
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- 15. Environmental Chemistry, A K De, New Age publication, sixth edition
- 16. Fundamental concepts of environmental chemistry, G.S. Sodhi, Narosa, second edition
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- 19. Sykes, P. A Guide to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, 6th Ed. Orient Longman, New Delhi (1988)
- 20. Paula Y. B., Organic Chemistry, 3rd Ed. Pearson Education, Inc.
- 21. Morrison, R.T. Boyd & R.N. Bhattacharjee, S.K., Organic Chemistry, 7th Ed. Pearson Education Inc.
- 22. Organic Chemistry by Jonathan, Clayden, Greeves Warren
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- 34. Ahluwalia, V.K. & Aggrawal, R. Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry, University Press
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- 38. A. I. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis, Mendham, Pearson ,6th Edition

