



**SOPHIA COLLEGE**

**(AUTONOMOUS)**

**Affiliated to the University of Mumbai**

**Syllabus for Semesters I to II**

**Program: B.Sc.**

**Course: Life Sciences**

**(Choice Based Credit System with effect from the year 2022-23)**

# SOPHIA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)

## F. Y. B.Sc. Life Science Syllabus (Choice based Credit and Grading System)

Academic year 2022- 2023

### SEMESTER I

Course code	Unit	Topic headings	Credits	L / week
<b>Paper I</b>	<b>Cell and Microbial Biology</b>			
<b>SBSLSC101</b>	1	A Preview of the Cell	4	15
	2	Introduction to Microbiology		15
	3	Microbial growth and its control		15
<b>SBSLSCP101</b>		Practical	2	
<b>Paper II</b>	<b>Biomolecules and separation techniques</b>			
<b>SBSLSC102</b>	1	Biomolecules	4	15
	2	Molecular Biology		15
	3	Techniques		15
<b>SBSLSCP102</b>		Practical	2	

## SOPHIA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)

### F. Y. B.Sc. Life Science Syllabus (Choice based Credit and Grading System)

Academic year 2022- 2023

#### SEMESTER II

Course code	Unit	Topic headings	Credits	L / week
<b>Paper I</b>	<b>Eukaryotic cell biology</b>			
<b>SBSLSC201</b>	1	Nucleus and Cell membrane – Structure and function	4	15
	2	Cell Organelles		15
	3	Cytoskeleton, cell cycle and cell division		15
<b>SBSLSCP201</b>		Practical	2	
<b>Paper II</b>				
<b>Paper II</b>	<b>Classical Genetics, Evolution and Ecology</b>			
<b>SBSLSC202</b>	1	Genetics- I	4	15
	2	Genetics-II		15
	3	Evolution and Ecology		15
<b>SBSLSCP202</b>		Practical	2	

**SEMESTER I**  
**COURSE CODE: SBSLSC101**  
**PAPER –I CELL AND MICROBIAL BIOLOGY**

**Course Objectives**

**CO1:** Introduce students to basics of microscopy, types of microscopes to visualize microbial cells, microorganisms.

**CO2:** Make the students learn about diverse microbes, microbial diversity, the cell wall structure and its propagation

**CO3:** Introduce students to parameters of microbial growth and conditions for their control

**Course Outcomes**

Student will be able to

**LO1:** differentiate between different microscopic methods to observe samples

**LO2:** classify microbes on their appearance

**LO3:** understand the importance of the components for the growth of bacteria in culture media and also about mechanisms that inhibit their growth

<b>Paper I</b>	<b>Cell and Microbial Biology</b>		<b>Credits: 4</b>
<b>Course code</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>Topic headings</b>	<b>L / week</b>
<b>SBSLSC101</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>A Preview of the Cell</b>	<b>15</b>
		1. Visualization of the cell – Microscopy – Principle, Resolving Power and types of microscopy– Brightfield, Fluorescence, Electron microscopy –Transmission and Scanning	3
		2. Types and comparison of cells – Bacteria, Archaea and Eukaryotes	2
		3. Limitation on size and compartmentalization of functions	1
		4. Evolutionary origin of organelles and Endosymbiont Hypothesis	2
		5. Overview of Eukaryotic organelles	2
		6. History of Microbiology – Spontaneous generation and Germ theory	2
		7. Role of microorganisms in agriculture, industry and medicine	3

SBSLSC101	2	<p><b>Introduction to Microbiology</b></p> <p>1. Viruses, Viroids and Prions:  Virus–structure and life cycle of a bacterial virus (lytic and lysogenic), animal virus – DNA virus (ex. Herpes virus) RNA virus (plus and minus stranded), Retrovirus and plant virus (TMV)  Viroids, Prions – e.g. scrapie</p> <p>2. Prokaryotic cell –Structure  Cell wall – Gram positive and Gram negative  Nucleoid; capsule / glycocalyx; flagella and endospore</p> <p>3. Fungi – Growth and reproduction – asexual and sexual</p> <p>4. Algae – Structural organization</p> <p>5. Protozoa – Morphological diversity</p>	<p><b>15</b></p> <p>5</p> <p>4</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p>
SBSLSC101	3	<p><b>Microbial growth and its control</b></p> <p>1. Requirements for growth–</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Physical – Temperature, pH, Osmotic pressure</li> <li>• Chemical – Carbon, nitrogen, sulphur, phosphorus, oxygen, trace elements, growth factors</li> <li>• Biofilm formation</li> <li>• Culture Media</li> <li>• Anaerobic growth</li> </ul> <p>2. Kinetics of growth</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Binary fission and cell growth</li> <li>• Growth curve and generation time</li> <li>• Batch and continuous cultures</li> <li>• Isolation of microorganisms</li> <li>• Preservation of microorganism</li> </ul> <p>3. Control of microbial growth</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Physical</li> <li>• Chemical</li> <li>• Antimicrobial</li> </ul>	<p><b>15</b></p> <p>5</p> <p>6</p> <p>4</p>
SBSLSCP101	<b>Practical</b>		<b>Credits : 2</b>
	<p>1. Writing a science lab report.</p> <p>2. Bright field microscopy of stained and unstained samples</p> <p>3. Measurement of cell size under microscope (concept of mm and <math>\mu\text{m}</math>). Example: measurement of pollen grain from different flowers, starch grains (iodine) from different food sources.</p> <p>4. Introduction to Stains and Dyes  Monochrome staining of bacteria, animal cell (from cheek), plant cell (onion peel)</p>		

	<p>5. Microbial staining technique: Gram staining; cell wall staining</p> <p>6. Demonstration of Sterilization of laboratory material(principle of use of autoclave), media preparation and pouring plates.</p> <p>7. Slide culture technique for observation of fungi</p> <p>8. Demonstration of AST (by disc diffusion method) and Minimum Inhibitory Concentration (MIC) for a bacterial culture</p> <p>9. Isolation of Pure Culture of Bacteria by Streak Plate Method</p> <p>10. Open ended project/ course based research projects- To encourage development of better reading strategies, comprehension skill, learner centered approach, problem based learning, reflective thinking.</p> <p><b>Note: Students will be continuously monitored for their active participation during lab sessions.</b></p>	
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### **Reference Books:**

- Aneja K.R., Experiments in Microbiology, Plant Pathology and Biotechnology, 2017,5th Edition, *New Age InternationalPublishers*.
- Hardin J., Bertoni J.P., Kleinsmith L.J., Becker's World of the Cell: International Edition, 2011, 8th Edition, *PearsonPublisher*.
- Madigan M, Martinko J., Bender K., Buckley D., Stahl D., Brock Biology of Microorganisms, 2017, 14th Edition, *Pearson Publishers*
- Reba Kanungo, Ananthanarayan and Paniker's Textbook of Microbiology,2017,10thEdition, *Universities Press Publishers*
- TortoraG.J.,FunkeB.R.,CaseC.L.,Microbiology:AnIntroduction,2016,12thEdition, *Pearson Publication*
- Willey J., Sherwood L., Woolverton C., Prescott, Harley and Klein's, Microbiology, 2008, 7th Edition, *McGraw Hill HigherEducatio*

**SEMESTER I**  
**COURSE CODE: SBSLSC102**

**PAPER –II BIOMOLECULES AND SEPARATION TECHNIQUES**

**Course objectives**

**CO 1 :**To introduce the students with biological molecules of living cells .

**CO 2 :**To familiarize students with process of DNA synthesis

**CO 3 :**To introduce students with extraction, separation and analytical techniques

**Course outcomes**

Students will be able to

**LO 1 :** identify the biomolecules involved in living cells.

**LO 2 :** understand DNA synthesis process

**LO 3 :** analyze the techniques involved in extraction and separation techniques.

Paper II	Biomolecules and separation techniques		Credits: 4
Course code	Unit	Topic headings	L / week
SBSLSC102	1	<b>Biomolecules</b>	<b>15</b>
		<b>1.Non-carbon-containing molecules in cells:</b>	
		a. Water- the most abundant component	2
		• Molecular structure and physico-chemical properties	
		• corresponding functions in cells and reasons for it being the basis of life	
		b. Inorganic Ions:	1
		• Macro-elements- Na, K, Cl, Ca, P, Mg, S	
		• Micro-elements – Fe, Cu Zn, Mn, I, Ni function in cells	
		<b>2. Carbon-containing components in cells:</b>	
		a. Amino acids and Protein macromolecules	3
• biological amino acids - general structure and reactions			
• classification of amino acids based on – biochemical nature and structure			
• structure-function relation in proteins			
b. Protein structure and folding, Molecular Chaperones •	2		
Primary – Quaternary structures within proteins with typical examples			
• protein folding chaperones and disease			
c. Monosaccharide Sugars and Polysaccharide	2		
Carbohydrates • Nomenclature, structure of common sugars and reactions			
d. Fatty Acids and Lipids	2		
• Nomenclature and structure of common lipids			
e. Nucleotides and Nucleic Acid Macromolecules	3		
• Nomenclature and structure			

SBSLSC102	2	<p><b>Molecular Biology</b></p> <p><b>1. Molecular genetics:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Early experiments that defined the nature of the gene (Griffith's, Avery's and Hershey's Experiments)</li> <li>• Concept of the gene- a structural unit of coding</li> <li>• Chromatin structure and packaging</li> </ul> <p><b>2. Macromolecular synthesis:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Concept of macromolecules</li> <li>• DNA synthesis in prokaryotes</li> <li>• DNA synthesis in eukaryotes</li> </ul>	<p><b>15</b> 9</p> <p>6</p>
SBSLSC102	3	<p><b>Techniques</b></p> <p><b>1. Extraction techniques</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cell lysis techniques – Physical, chemical</li> <li>• Solvent extraction of lipids</li> </ul> <p><b>2. Separation and analytical techniques</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Precipitation</li> <li>• Filtration</li> <li>• Dialysis</li> <li>• Centrifugation</li> <li>• Chromatography</li> <li>• Electrophoresis</li> </ul> <p>Using the above techniques to isolate/ analyze particular molecule using a typical example</p>	<p><b>15</b> 3</p> <p>12</p>
SBSLSCP102		<p><b>Practical</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Introduction to lab discipline and good laboratory practices.</li> <li>2. Solution making:       <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Preparation of solutions of a given chemical compound</li> <li>b. Preparation of dilutions from a stock solution</li> </ol> </li> <li>3. Water molecules and its properties (solvent, density, cohesion and adhesion, colligative properties)</li> <li>4. pH and its usage:       <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. pH meter</li> <li>b. Making of own pH indicator papers</li> </ol> </li> <li>5. Colorimetry:       <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Wavelength of maximum absorbance</li> <li>b. Verification of Beer-Lambert's law</li> </ol> </li> <li>6. Study of separation techniques:       <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Dialysis</li> <li>b. Isoelectric Precipitation of proteins</li> <li>c. Density gradient centrifugation</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	<p><b>Credits : 2</b></p>



	<p>7. Detection and localization of carbohydrates, proteins, lipids and nucleic acids in vitro and in tissues.</p> <p>8. Detection of amino acids using chromatography technique</p> <p>9. Origami and modeling of biochemical structures</p> <p>10. Extraction of DNA from onion</p> <p>11. Open ended project/ Course- based research project: To encourage small group discussions and problem solving</p> <p><b>Note: Students will be continuously monitored for their active participation during lab sessions.</b></p>	
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**Reference Books:**

- Nelson D.L. and Cox M.M., Lehninger-Principles of Biochemistry, 2017, 7<sup>th</sup>Edition, *W H Freeman & Co Publishers.*
- Plummer M. and Plummer D.T., Introduction to Practical Biochemistry, 1988, 3<sup>rd</sup>Edition, *McGraw Hill Publication*
- Taylor D.J., Green N.P.O., Stout G.W., Ed. Soper R., Biological Science, 2005, 3<sup>rd</sup>Edition, *Cambridge University Press.*

**SEMESTER II**  
**COURSE CODE: SBSLSC201**  
**PAPER –I EUKARYOTIC CELL BIOLOGY**

**Course Objectives**

**CO1:** Make the students learn the structure and function of components of eukaryotic cell like nucleus, plasma membrane, chloroplast and mitochondria

**CO2:** Make the students learn about protein formation and trafficking through the endomembrane organelles

**CO3:** Make the students understand processes and mechanism of cell division

**Course Outcomes**

Students will be able to

**LO1:** differentiate between Euchromatin and Heterochromatin, active and passive transport across the membrane in animals and plants

**LO2:** differentiate between different cell-cell junctions and extracellular matrix which contribute stability and elasticity to the cell

**LO3:** gain an insight into the different cell organelles and diseases associated due to their malfunctions

<b>Paper I</b>	<b>Eukaryotic Cell Biology</b>		<b>Credits: 4</b>
<b>Course code</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>Topic headings</b>	<b>L / week</b>
<b>SBSLSC201</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>Nucleus and Cell membrane – Structure and function</b>	<b>15</b>
		1. Nucleus	5
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Structure of Interphase nucleus - nuclear membrane, nucleolus, nucleosome model</li> <li>• Euchromatin and Heterochromatin</li> <li>• Specialized chromosomes – polytene and lampbrush chromosomes</li> </ul>	2
		2. Membrane – their structure and function History and models of membrane structure	4
		3. Transport across membranes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Transport processes</li> <li>• Simple and Facilitated Diffusion</li> <li>• Active transport – example Na<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup>pump</li> <li>• Vesicular transport – Endocytosis and exocytosis, Phagocytosis</li> </ul>	3
4. Cell adhesion, cell junctions and extracellular structures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cell- cell junctions – tight junctions, gap junctions, adhesion junctions</li> <li>• Extracellular matrix of animal cells –collagen, elastin, laminins</li> </ul>	1		
5. Plant cell surface – plant cell wall and plasmodesmata			

SBSLSC201	2	<p><b>Cell Organelles</b></p> <p>1. Endoplasmic reticulum and ribosomes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ribosomes – structure of prokaryotic and eukaryotic ribosomes and role in protein synthesis</li> <li>• Rough ER – structure and role in protein synthesis – signal peptide hypothesis</li> <li>• Smooth ER – structure and functions(also function as sarcoplasmic reticulum</li> <li>• ER role in biosynthesis of membranes</li> </ul> <p>2. Golgi Complex</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Structural organization</li> <li>• Brief introduction to role of Golgi in protein glycosylation and proteasome in protein degradation</li> </ul> <p>3. Lysosomes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Formation of lysosomes and role in digestion of materials</li> <li>• Lysosomal storage diseases – silicosis and Tay Sachs disease</li> </ul> <p>4. Peroxisomes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Function in animal and plant cells</li> <li>• Zellweger syndrome</li> </ul> <p>5. Mitochondria</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Structure and role in oxidative phosphorylation in ATP synthesis</li> <li>• Mitochondrial DNA and associated disease – LHON</li> </ul> <p>6. Plastids</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Types of plastids</li> <li>• Structure of chloroplast and role in Photosynthesis</li> <li>• Photosynthetic pigments</li> </ul>	<p><b>15</b></p> <p>3</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>3</p>
SBSLSC201	3	<p><b>Cytoskeleton, cell cycle and cell division</b></p> <p>1. Cytoskeleton</p> <p>Types of cytoskeletal elements</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Microtubules – Structure and role in spindle formation and cilia/ flagella; microtubule motor proteins</li> <li>• Microfilaments – Structure and role in muscle contraction and motility (migration via lamellipodia/amoeboid movement streaming)</li> <li>• Intermediate filament – Structure and functions</li> </ul> <p>2. Cell cycle</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cell cycle stages</li> <li>• Regulation of Cell cycle (in brief–role of cyclins and Cdks)</li> </ul>	<p><b>15</b></p> <p>5</p> <p>4</p>

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cancer as an example of dysregulation of cell cycle</li> </ul> <p>3. Cell Division Mitosis stages and cytokinesis, metaphase chromosome: centromere and Meiosis – Stages and significance- cross over.</p>	5
<b>SBSLSCP201</b>	<b>Practical</b>		<b>Credits : 2</b>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Electron micrographs of organelles and junctions</li> <li>2. Barr body from buccal smear</li> <li>3. Cytoplasmic streaming in plant cells</li> <li>4. Mitosis from onion root tip</li> <li>5. Permanent slides of meiotic stages</li> <li>6. Staining of striated muscle</li> <li>7. Plasmolysis using Tradescantia leaf</li> <li>8. Methyl green pyronin staining for localization of nucleic acids</li> </ol> <p><b>Note: Students will be continuously monitored for their active participation during lab sessions.</b></p>		

**Reference Books:**

Alberts B., Johnson A., Lewis J., Morgan D., Raff M., Roberts K., Walter P., Molecular Biology of the Cell, 2007 or 6<sup>th</sup> Edition or 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, *Garland* 2014, 5 *Science Publications*

Hardin J., Bertoni J.P., Kleinsmith L.J., Becker's World of the Cell: International Edition, 2011, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, *Pearson Publisher*

Karp G, Cell Biology, 2013, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition- International Student Edition, *Wiley Publication*.

Lodish H., Berk A., Kaiser C.A., Molecular Cell Biology, 2012, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, *Macmillan Learning Publications*.

Plopper G, Principles of Cell Biology, 2016, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, *Jones and Bartlett Learning Publication*.

Taylor D.J., Green N.P.O., Stout G.W., Ed. Soper R., Biological Science, 2005, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, *Cambridge University Press*.

**SEMESTER II**  
**COURSE CODE: SBSLSC202**  
**PAPER –II CLASSICAL GENETICS, ECOLOGY AND EVOLUTION**

**Course Objectives**

**CO 1** :To make the students understand the history and basics of modern genetics.

**CO 2** :To familiarize the students about the influence of the environment on survival of organism

**CO 3** :To introduce students with theories on the origin of life and evolution.

**Course Outcomes:**

Students will be able to

**LO 1** : achieve an understanding of classical genetics.

**LO 2** : identify genetic disorders.

**LO 3** : understand the process of evolution

Paper II	Classical Genetics, Evolution and Ecology		
Course code	Unit	Topic headings	L / week
SBSLSC202	1	<b>Genetics</b>	<b>15</b>
		1. <b>Science of Genetics</b> – Overview and history of Modern Genetics, Chromosome Theory of Inheritance-Sutton-Boveri, Thomas Hunt Morgan’s Experiment	3
		2. <b>Mendelian inheritance</b> Herman’s experiment on X ray induced mutations- Concept of homozygous, heterozygous, phenotype, genotype, alleles; Mendel’s Laws and Mono and Dihybrid ratios with problems, chi square - for 3:1 and 1:1 ratio. Use sickle cell anaemia as an example to explain the concept of gene	4
		3. <b>Modification of Mendel’s laws</b> - Gene interactions: incomplete dominance, co-dominance; Multiple genes, Multiple alleles: Blood group, Epistasis, Linkage, Sex limited, sexinfluenced.	3
		4. <b>Non-Mendelian inheritance</b> - Evidences for Cytoplasmic factors, cytoplasmic inheritance, extranuclear inheritance (mitochondrial, chloroplast), non-chromosomal inheritance, maternal inheritance, uniparental inheritance.	2
		5. <b>Pedigree analysis</b> - Symbols of Pedigree, Pedigrees of Sex-linked and Autosomal (dominant and recessive).	

SBSLSC202	2	<p><b>Genetics</b></p> <p><b>1. Allelic Variation and Gene function</b> - Non Epistatic inter-allelic genetic interactions, Atavism/Reversion, Penetrance (complete and incomplete), Expressivity, Pleiotropism.</p> <p><b>2. Chromosomal anomalies</b>– Structural: deletion, duplication, inversion, translocation. Numerical: euploidy and aneuploidy (e.g. Downs, Turners, Klienfelter’s, Cri-du-chat).</p> <p><b>3. Applications</b> - scope of genetics in Healthcare therapeutics, evolutionary biology, Biotechnology.</p> <p><b>4. Branches of genetics.</b></p>	<p><b>15</b></p> <p>5</p> <p>4</p> <p>2</p>
SBSLSC202	3	<p><b>Ecology and Evolution</b></p> <p>1. Organism and its environment: Distribution and abundance of Organisms, Importance of carbon-based life. Concept of Ecosystem.</p> <p>2. Biotic Environment: Population, population density, Reproduction, Population growth (Natality, Mortality) Extinction of Population.</p> <p>3. Interspecific and Intraspecific Population Regulation: Competition, Dispersal, Territoriality, Predation. (Lotka-Volterra model), Parasitism, Mutualism.</p> <p>4. Theories of Origin of Life</p> <p>    a. Spontaneous generation Vs. Biogenesis, other theories (special creation/steady state /Cosmozoan theory)</p> <p>    b. Biochemical evolution (Alexander Oparin and Stanley Miller)</p> <p>5. Lamarkian Evolution</p>	<p><b>15</b></p> <p>3</p> <p>3</p> <p>4</p> <p>4</p> <p>1</p>

SBSLSCP202	<p><b>Practical</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Pairing game to produce a Punnet square.</li> <li>2. Meiosis from <i>Tradescantia</i> (demonstration/Photograph)</li> <li>3. Study of bacterial motility by Hanging drop technique</li> <li>4. Collection of blood group information from family and construction of pedigree charts</li> <li>5. Evolution card games</li> <li>6. Adaptive radiation using             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Darwin finches</li> <li>b. Mouth parts in insects- mosquito, housefly and cockroach.</li> </ol> </li> <li>7. Animal Biodiversity:             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Part I: Classification of Animals –Invertebrates b. Part II: Classification of Animals–Vertebrates c. Digital recording and detailed classification of one animal from campus/ local environment</li> </ol> </li> <li>8. Biostatistics:             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) Purpose of Biostatistics: Data collection, Discrete and continuous variables, qualitative and quantitative</li> <li>b) Study of Class Intervals and calculation of frequency, Representation – tabular and graphical– line graph, frequency curve, Ogive curve, histogram and pie diagram (also represented using Excel)</li> <li>(c) Measures of central tendency – mean, median, mode and standard deviation,</li> <li>d) Box-Whisker plot.</li> </ol> </li> <li>9. Perform a search on any one topic using PubMed, download about ten abstracts and prepare a summary of the literature.</li> <li>10. Field Visit and Report.             <p style="margin-left: 40px;"><b>Note: Students will be continuously monitored for their active participation during lab sessions.</b></p> </li> </ol>	Credits : 2
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**Note: All practicals in each course in both semesters have to be understood in terms of Instrumentation, Technique, Concept and Relevance or whichever may be applicable**

**Reference Books:**

- Brooker, Widmaier, Graham, Stiling, Biology, 2016, 4th edition, *McGraw-Hill Education Publication*
- Campbell, Reece, Urry, Cain, Wasserman, Minorsky, Jackson, Biology, 2016, 11<sup>th</sup> Edition, *Pearson Publication*
- Freeman S., Biological Science, 2004, Benjamin Cummings Publishing Company.
- Hyde D. R., Genetics and Molecular Biology: With Fundamentals of Biostatistics, 2010, 1st Edition, *McGraw Hill Education Publication*
- Russelle P., *iGenetics: A Molecular Approach*, 2010, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, *Pearson*

*Benjamin Cummings Publications.*

Simon E.J., *Biology: The Core*, 2016, 2nd Edition, *Pearson Publication.*

Ward P., *Lamarck's Revenge: How Revolutionizing Epigenetics Is  
Our Understanding of Evolution's Past and Present*, 2018, *Bloomsburgpublishing.*